Bonver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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VOL. XXV BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. JANUARY 4, 1894. NO 1

HE SHOT HIS WIFE.

Swithin C. Shortlidge, While Insane, Caused by the Grip, Shoots His Wife.

MEDIA, Pa., December 31.—While suffering from insanity, due to an attack of the grip, Swithin C. Shortlidge, principal of Shortlidge's academy for young men, this morning shot and killed his wife instantly while walking with her in a country road, near the school. Professor Shortlidge has been arrested and is now raving in a cell of the county jail.

On November 15 last Professor Shortlidge for the second time married, his second wife being Miss Marie Dixon Jones, a young and pretty instructor at Wilson college, at Chambersburg, Pa. Miss Jones was well known in society here, her brother being the rector of Christ Protestant Episcopal church and her mother is Dr. Mary Ann Dixon Jones, a well known practicing physician of Brooklyn, N. Y. Although Professor Shortlidge is 55 and his wife was 27, their married life gave every promise of being happy and congenial. Professor Shortlidge had been unwell for some time prior to his marriage, but until the 14th of the present month, when he was attacked with grip, his illness was not serious.

Since he has had the grip, however, Professor Shortlidge has given many indications of being mentally affected, and his family have watched him closely. Last night he got out of bed and insisted upon taking a walk, and, sooner than let him go alone, his wife accompanied him. It is supposed that the same notion suddenly possessed him this morning about half-past 9, and that his wife again went with him. That the walk was hurriedly decided upon was shown by the fact that both Professor Shortlidge and Mrs. Shortlidge had their night clothes on under their other garments. What words or incidents led up to the terrible tragedy is not known. Several people met the professor and Mrs. Shortlidge sauntering down a road near the school, and spoke to them, but the sound of the revolvor shots on the [illegible] was the first intimation that any person near by had of the unfortunate man's crime. Attracted by the shots, several men ran towards the spot and in the dirty snow, tinged with the mud of the road, lay the bodies of Professor Shortlidge and his wife. The former was stretched across the body of his wife moaning: Marie, Marie, speak to me, speak to me; what have I done? what have I done? A dark red stream of blood was flowing from beneath Mrs. Shortlidge's head and forming a horrible pool in the muddy road. Close beside the pair was a revolver. The men raised the professor from the body of his wife and then they found that she was dead, the whole back of her head being crushed in by the bullets that had entered it. A large crowd had collected by this time and among the persons attracted to spot was Mrs. Shortlidge's mother. When told what had happened she was nearly frantic and alternately bemoaned her daughter's fate and assailed her murderer.

With the superstition that generally prevails that a body must not be touched until viewed by the coroner, Mrs. Shortlidge's body was allowed to lie in the wet muddy road where it had fallen while some one hunted up the coroner. Coroner Quinby appeared in about half an hour and directed that the body be removed, and the raving maniac who had done the awful work was taken in a passing wagon to the county jail. Since his confinement there Prof. Shortlidge has had lucid intervals, and he then realized that he shot his wife, although he does not know she is dead, and the thought unbalances his mind and he begins to rave again. Prof. [illegible]rtlidge is a graduate of Harvard college and his academy has been well and [illegible]ble known throughout the country. [illegible]other is mayor of Wilmington, and [illegible]nother brother who is also a teach-

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THE ROMANCE OF A WILL.

If the will of Andrew J. Davis has been admitted to probate by the Montana court, as was stated in a New York court Thursday, and the wrangle over it settled, then one of the most romantic contests over the division of a great fortune this country has known is at an end. Nearly $1,000,000 have been spent in fighting the will, and the lawyers employed have obtained comfortable fortunes from the fees paid. The man who expected to reap the largest benefit from the admission of the will has died since the contest began, and the depression in business and the stoppage of silver mining has reduced the value of the estate one-half.

When Andrew J. Davis left his home in Hampden, Mass., about fifty years ago, there was little prospect that he would die worth $12,000,000, and that a host of heirs would spring up to claim a share in the estate he left. It is one of those romances that the rapid development of the far West, with its wonderful mines of gold and silver, made possible, but a romance that will hardly be repeated, as the early Argonauts who had the first and richest pickings in that modern Golconda have nearly all died off. There has been a long list of such contentions over wills and fortunes in that neighborhood, but now that the country has become settled up and the chances of accumulating money are less and the arts and refinements of life are creeping into the mining camps the public will hear of them less frequently, if at all.

The issue of the contest gives another example of how easy it is for men who bend all their energies to money making to fail in getting any real benefit from it themselves or to control it after they are dead. Andrew J. Davis was known as a shrewd, sharp business man who turned everything into gold that he touched. He spent all his life in getting together a great fortune, asserted frequently on oath that he had made no will, and as emphatically affirmed that he had no wife, and that he never would marry. And yet he was no sooner dead than a document was presented in court as his last will and testament and women from California, Wisconsin and Michigan presented themselves as his widows, and claimed a share in his property, while his relatives from Massachusetts to Montana have contended with all the acrimony that the love of money can give for a portion of his millions.

If the life of Andrew J. Davis and the fate of the fortune he accumulated teaches anything, it is the folly of devoting one's life to one idea, especially if it is a sordid one. In the pursuit of dollars Davis became a monomaniac. He had simply one passion, and that was to see his store grow. If he ever made the will which the court has now admitted as his, he apparently forgot all about it and left it to be dragged from its hiding place thirty-five years after it was signed, weather stained, punctured with holes and misspelled, but still the deciding document in the disposal of his millions. If genuine, it was probably made in jest when he had not $1000 to dispose of, and when his prospect of accumulating $12,000,000 was as bright as the prospect of a journey to the moon. But that little document returned to plague his heirs, and proves how potent a little deed is to upset the best laid plans of the shrewdest of money getters.

ISSUE GREENBACKS.

The funds in the United States treasury are running lower as the expenses of the government are more than its receipts. The Secretary of the treasury desires to issue bonds, the sale of which to make up the deficiency. Many of his party are opposed to that plan, yet have proposed no measure to increase the revenues of the government, but on the other hand, have matured a bill to further decrease the receipts of the government, so the finances of the government is fast going out seaward. If this administration don't want this country to go to the bow-wows, it should stop its tariff tinkering and issue a sufficient quantity of legal tender greenbacks to meet all the deficiencies in the revenue. That course would put more money in circulation and business would soon begin to hum again.

Where are those political prophets that asserted that if the Silver bill would be repealed confidence would be restored and business would revive? That bill has been repealed for some time and we find financial distress increasing all over the country. By its repeal the circulating medium of the country has been contracted and the natural result follows, depression in the money market and the closing of more industries.

DUTIES OF A CHIEF BURGESS.

How They Shall be Elected Under a New Act.

The next burgess of Bellefonte will be a chief burgess and will have a different line of duties from those of his predecessors. Our readers will be interested in the following Act, passed in 1893, and now governing our town:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the qualified voters of every borough in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall, on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini 1894 and triennially thereafter, vote for and elect a properly qualified person for chief burgess in each of said boroughs who shall serve for the term of three years, and shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

SEC. 2. Such chief burgess shall not hold any other borough office or appointment during the term for which he is elected, nor be a member of, nor preside at the meetings of the town council of said borough. But said meetings shall be presided over by a president of council to be at the annual organization thereof elected by such council from among their number. And in the absence of such president shall be presided over by a president pro tempore.

SEC. 3. Every ordinance and resolution which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such borough, if he approve, he shall sign it, but if he shall not approve, he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance or resolution. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution, it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the yeas and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council: Provided, That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto. If such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the chief burgess at the next regular meeting of said council after the same shall have been presented to him, the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it: Provided, That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law.

Sections 4 and 5 do away with the office of assistant burgess and repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this one.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

The most prominent feature of the closing week of this remarkable year has been the liquidation in the stock market. The shrinkage in values has been so large and continuous that at any other time it would have caused serious alarm. The decline was hastened by the announcement at the beginning of the week of the insolvency of the Atchison railroad, a system embracing 9,344 miles of track, and representing over $323,000,000 capital stock and funded debt. The situation was aggravated by the subsequent appointment of a receiver for the New York and New England railroad, and by reported poor earnings of other large corporations. The decline in prices ranged from $2 to $12 per share, and scarcely any class of security escaped depreciation.

Very little change took place in the industrial world. The number of mills and factories shutting down was about equalled by the number resuming operations. In all lines of trade the hand-to-mouth policy continues. In the Pittsburg district the wages of iron and steel workers are undergoing a process of read justment, the tendency of which will be to cheapen the cost of finished products, and possibly to stimulate the demand therefor.

The volume of general trade this week, as measured by back exchanges, was perhaps the smallest of the year. The total clearances were $778,000,000, against $952,000,000 last week. Exclusive of New York they were only $358,000,000, against $433,000,000 last week. Compared with the corresponding period last year the decline is 26.8 per cent.

The close of the year finds a most a comalous condition of monetary affairs. The New York associated banks have a larger surplus reserve than ever before in their history. It is more than 10 times as large as in 1862. The United States treasury has the lowest net cash balance for many years. One of the incipient causes of the panic was the fear that the treasury gold reserve would decline to $100,000,000. It is now down to $82,000,000, and provokes little or no comment. The reports of national banks show that in all the larger cities, with the exception of Pittsburg, idle money is piling up. But notwithstanding the plethora of funds, borrowers find it difficult to secure accommodation except upon first-class security. This fact has caused the embarrassment of many of the railroads which have heretofore had no trouble in supplying their wants. In all doubtful cases lenders have declined to make renewals. On the other hand, the competition for gilt-edged paper is so keen that the borrower is enabled to name the rate of discount. The state of government finances foreshadows a bond issue in the near future, with the probability of more activity in the money market.

The ensuing two weeks will be occupied by annual settlements. Should there be no serious defaults, the restoration of confidence should make rapid progress, as credit has been put to the crucial test by the events of the past quarter, and individuals and firms which have successfully withstood it, may be confidently trusted in future. The annual reviews of the commercial agencies make very gloomy reading, but it should be remembered that they deal with events of the past, and that basic conditions are now favorable to steady improvement.

AMERICAN WEALTH'S OWNERSHIP.

George K. Holmes, special agent of the U. S. census, and consequently well informed in the matter, holds that the total wealth of the people of the United States is about 60,000 millions, or in other words, the average per head is between $900 and $1,000. The distribution of the national wealth is a difficult subject to determine, but the gentleman figures that, counting from the poorest upwards, there are about 11 millions of families worth in the neighborhood of 18,000 millions. The millionaire class numbers, in his estimation, over 4,000 and the comforting fact is that all this class has arisen in the last hundred [illegible]. There was [illegible] who [illegible] f. hundred years ago who was worth one million dollars, and now we have over 4,000 of such fortune's favorites. One person in 16,000 wins that distinction. It used to be said that every French soldier carried a marshal's baton in his knapsack and had the chance of winning this distinction, but it is evident that he had less chance of "getting there" than the average American citizen has of becoming a millionaire.

The middle class, those with over $5,000 per family, number, according to Mr. Holmes's computation, nearly 1,100,000 families. They own about 30,000 millions of property. He attributes the condition of the great mass of families partly at least to the well-known extravagance of the American people. But it is questioned whether this extravagance, this lavish spending of money for material comforts, enjoyments, and knowledge, has not been of greater good to the nation than such saving as the French people practice. At any rate the conclusion to be drawn from this statistician's work is, that steady and liberal progress marks the condition of all classes of the American people. Most wonderful is the change, within one generation, of the class which was properly itself now, but is the possessor of comfortable means also.

FREE VETERINARY SERVICE.

Dr. Leonard Pierson, Professor of Practical veterinary Science in the University of Pa., will again give the instruction in Veterinary Science to the classes in Agriculture, at the Pennsylvania State College, during the Winter term, beginning January 3rd, 1894.

A free clinic will be held at the Experiment Station barn at State College once every two weeks, when a limited number of horses, cattle, sheep, etc. will be treated free of charge, to give the students a better opportunity of becoming familiar with the diseases and ailments of live stock.

Any one having an animal which they wish treated, will kindly communicate with the undersigned, at the earliest possible moment, giving a description and history of the case.

To the owners of such animals as are accepted, ample notice will be given of the date on which such animals will be operated upon.

Address all communications concerning the matter to H. J. Waters, Department of Agriculture, State College, Pa.

—A certain young lady in Bellefonte, who was expecting her lover from a distance on Monday evening, became so nervous in anticipation of the happy moment that when a neighbor's child called for yeast she gave her cream instead, without knowing the difference. Cream is good enough at all times, but it is not the kind of stuff to raise good bread.

THE CHRONICLES OF GROVER.

I

Now, in the first year of the second reign of Grover, whose surname is Cleveland there arose a great clamor and outcry about certain islands of the sea; for in times past the ruler of those islands was a queen who was a harlot, and the people thereof waxed wroth because of her wickedness, insomuch that they rose up against her and took the government from her.

And when they had given the government to one of their own number the chief men of the islands went down into a ship and sailed for America, where Benjamin a wise man ruled, and they told Benjamin of all that had been done; and Benjamin gave ear unto them, and when they asked that he would take the islands and make them a part of his own country, he said: "Verily, these islands are a goodly heritage; they are pleasant and fruitful, and I will take them in."

So straightway he wrote a message unto the Senate and sent a treaty, that the Senate might agree to it.

II

But it came to pass that in the eleventh month of that same year the people elected Grover to be ruler, because they thought anybody would do.

And after Grover was crowned he also sent a message unto the Senate, and said; "Return to me the treaty which Benjamin hath sent you, for I like it not, and will not let you ratify it, because it is not good."

So the Senate sent the treaty to Grover, and he called in unto him Walter, his Prime Minister, who the tribe of Benjamin had cast aside.

And Grover said unto him: "What shall I do so that Benjamin shall not profit by the getting of these islands? For am I not the ruler of this land; and am I not set on high to show the people the right way? When I laugh do not the Democrats also, and when I grieve do not the Mugwumps so, and when I frown do not all the people tremble?

"But this Benjamin [illegible] for he hath gotten to himself great glory by the thing and if I follow him, then will all the people say, 'Lo! he followeth Benjamin.' Tell me, Walter, what is meet to do or by the great horned spoons, off comes your head."

Then Walter trembled, and drew near, and said: "Let me lord Grover be troubled. If thou hatest Benjamin, do not I hate him more. Hath he not snubbed me and cast me down? Wherefore now let us conspire against Benjamin: let us send unto these islands Blount, the Georgian, to spy out the land and see if peradventure he may be able to show us a way out of the hole."

III.

Now, Grover was well pleased, and he sent for Blount, and when he was come, he drew near and kissed Grover on his second chin, and Grover was more tickled then ever, and gave him ten dollars and a ticket to the land of Honey Lulu, and a letter of introduction to Lilly-wocky-lany.

And when Blount was gone Grover called for wine and was exceedingly glad, and he danced and sang "Wait Till the Clouds Roll By" in such a loud voice that the hired girl thought the palace was afire.

And it was so that happened as Grover wished, and his spy reported all those things which had been sent to do.

Then did Grover send an Ambassador, whose name was Willis, to those islands, and he sent a letter to the chief ruler thereof, and another letter to Lilly-wocky-lany; and the letter to the chief ruler did Willis have in his right hand, and the letter to Lilly did he have in his inside pocket. And in the letter to the chief ruler he professed friendship, and in the letter to Lilly he said: "Behold, how I am angry because you have been abused by Benjamin and Stevens. Get thee up now and make ready, for I shall by my own servants restore thee; for am I not Grover, and who shall dare to stand before me?"

IV

Now, when these things were known, all the chief Republicans were exceeding angry, and the Senators said: "Who is this Grover, that he taketh it upon himself to make war, and set up thrones, and to tear down republics? Let us say unto him: "Come, now, Grover, show us thine hand. Tell us all thou hast done in this business, and that right early.'"

So Grover, fearing lest he should too much provoke the people, sent a message unto the Senate, telling some of the things he had done about the islands, and making excuses for himself.

But the message pleased not the Republicans, nor the Democrats, nor any one, save those who were of no party and no faith save Grover's.

Then Grover, after he had sent the message, call unto him Daniel, his chief consoler, and said unto him: "Daniel, thou seest that I am in a deep, dark hole. Yea, I am sore pressed. I am beset behind and before, and mine enemies give me no rest neither day nor night. There is Reed and Boutelle, and Hoar and Hill, and Dana, the meanest of all. Oh, if I could but set down on 'em, Dan, then would I squeeze 'em hard! I'd show 'em where the Constitution was then, Dan. Now, Daniel, console me. Sing to me, or give me a drink of something warm, Dan, lest I succumb."

Then Daniel set forth to find some succor for his master.

SUPERSTITIONS OF THE NEW YEAR.

Superstitious fancies concerning the new year have been as numerous as those with regard to Christmas. In general the first actions of the year are regarded as in some degree symbolizing what is to be done during the remaining days, hence the idea that when you sweep on New Year's you should sweep toward and not from the house, lest your good luck be swept away. A similar reason exists for the fancy that if you do not have something new on the first day you will have nothing new during the year. It is not difficult to account for the superstition that a light must not be taken out of the house on that day lest there be a death in the family, but why it should be more unlucky to meet a woman than a man is one of the curiosities of superstition. In general the adages are against anything being taken out of the house before something is brought in, the reason being sufficiently apparent. Several omens which have grown out of the day are extremely curious and unaccountable. In the Isle of Man the housewife spreads ashes before the door and in the morning looks for a footprint. If it turns inward, the anticipation is of an addition to the family by birth or permanent residence; if, however, it points outward, the omen is of death.

In many countries the weather of the day is indicative of what is to come. The "Shepherds Kalendar" declares, "If New Year's day in the morning opens with lusky red clouds, it denotes strife among [illegible] and [illegible] that year." Divination of New Year's day by opening the bible with a knife and reading the first passage on which the eye happens to fall was a favorite way of foretelling the future of our forefathers. In regard to the superstitions of conduct it is generally agreed that the day should be spent in good deeds, for ill luck is certain to follow any and all frivolity on this day. —Mail and Express.

LIGHT OR NO LIGHT.

One week from to-day, January 10th, the existing contract existing between the borough council and the Edison Electric Illuminating company, for the lighting of the streets of Bellefonte, will expire, and the question that presents itself now is, will there be light after that date, or will the citizens of Bellefonte be compelled to grope in darkness? True, it is, that at council meeting Monday night it was voted to extend the present contract with the Electric Light company for a period of one year and the necessary authority was given the Street and Finance committees to make such an agreement with the company. But in this matter the company may have some say. Although they have been approached, they have not yet signified their willingness or intention to accept such a contract; and, more especially, as it has been made public that negotiations are pending, between the chairman of the Street committee and a number of capitalists, looking toward the putting down of a new plant, to be run by water power (which latter it is asserted has already been secured) for the purpose of furnishing light for Bellefonte's streets, and, it is alleged, at a much smaller cost than the present system. The present Electric Light company are willing to make a contract for three years, but don't feel like entering into a one year's agreement, go to all the expense that will be necessary during the ensuing twelve months, to perfect and keep up the present system, and then next winter have the contract go to another company. This, they think, is unreasonable and should not be asked.

On the other hand, the members of the Bellefonte council, who are sworn to faithfully work to the best interests of all, do not want to bind themselves or successors to pay a certain price for a thing that one year from now they may be able to get for two-thirds that sum. The question is now down to one of business on both sides and, viewing it from an impartial standpoint, we are constrained to think that both parties feel themselves in the right, and maybe they are. Under these circumstances, it might be well for everybody to prepare to "go it blind" after next Wednesday, as that is what they might be compelled to do.

—Exit Rupp, Gramley and Ishler. Enter Rumberger, Miles and Condo.

Bonver & Gephart

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If the will of Andrew J. Davis has been admitted to probate by the Montana court, as was stated in a New York court Thursday, and the wrangle over it settled, then one of the most romantic contests over the division of a great fortune this country has known is at an end. Nearly $1,000,000 have been spent in fighting the will, and the lawyers employed have obtained comfortable fortunes from the fees paid. The man who expected to reap the largest benefit from the admission of the will has died since the contest began, and the depression in business and the stoppage of silver mining has reduced the value of the estate one-half.

When Andrew J. Davis left his home in Hampden, Mass., about fifty years ago, there was little prospect that he would die worth $12,000,000, and that a host of heirs would spring up to claim a share in the estate he left. It is one of those romances that the rapid development of the far West, with its wonderful mines of gold and silver, made possible, but a romance that will hardly be repeated, as the early Argonauts who had the first and richest pickings in that modern Golconda have nearly all died off. There has been a long list of such contentions over wills and fortunes in that neighborhood, but now that the country has become settled up and the chances of accumulating money are less and the arts and refinements of life are creeping into the mining camps the public will hear of them less frequently, if at all.

The issue of the contest gives another example of how easy it is for men who bend all their energies to money making to fail in getting any real benefit from it themselves or to control it after they are dead. Andrew J. Davis was known as a shrewd, sharp business man who turned [illegible] anything into gold that he touched. He spent all his life in getting together a great fortune, asserted frequently on oath that he had made no will, and as emphatically affirmed that he had no wife, and that he never would marry. And yet he was no sooner dead than a document was presented in court as his last will and testament and women from California, Wisconsin and Michigan presented themselves as his widows, and claimed a share in his property, while his relatives from Massachusetts to Montana have contended with all the acrimony that the love of money can give for a portion of his millions.

If the life of Andrew J. Davis and the fate of the fortune he accumulated teaches anything, it is the folly of devoting one's life to one idea, especially if it is a sordid one. In the pursuit of dollars Davis became a monomaniac. He had simply one passion, and that was to see his store grow. If he ever made the will which the court has now admitted as his, he apparently forgot all about it and left it to be dragged from its hiding place thirty-five years after it was signed, weather stained, punctured with holes and misspelled, but still the deciding document in the disposal of his millions. If genuine, it was probably made in jest when he had not $1000 to dispose of, and when his prospect of accumulating $12,000,000 was as bright as the prospect of a journey to the moon. But that little document returned to plague his heirs, and proves how potent a little deed is to upset the best laid plans of the shrewdest of money getters.

ISSUE GREENBACKS.

The funds in the United States treasury are running lower as the expenses of the government are more than its receipts. The Secretary of the treasury desires to issue bonds, the sale of which to make up the deficiency. Many of his party are opposed to that plan, yet have proposed no measure to increase the revenues of the government, but on the other hand, have matured a bill to further decrease the receipts of the government, so the finances of the government is fast going out seaward. If this administration don't want this country to go to the bow-wows, it should stop its tariff tinkering and issue a sufficient quantity of legal tender greenbacks to meet all the deficiencies in the revenue. That course would put more money in circulation and business would soon begin to hum again.

Where are those political prophets that asserted that if the Silver bill would be repealed confidence would be restored and business would revive? That bill has been repealed for some time and we find financial distress increasing all over the country. By its repeal the circulating medium of the country has been contracted and the natural result follows, depression in the money market and the closing of more industries.

DUTIES OF A CHIEF BURGESS.

How They Shall be Elected Under a New Act.

The next burgess of Bellefonte will be a chief burgess and will have a different line of duties from those of his predecessors. Our readers will be interested in the following Act, passed in 1893, and now governing our town:

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the qualified voters of every borough in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall, on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini 1894 and triennially thereafter, vote for and elect a properly qualified person for chief burgess in each of said boroughs who shall serve for the term of three years, and shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

SEC. 2. Such chief burgess shall not hold any other borough office or appointment during the term for which he is elected, nor be a member of, nor preside at the meetings of the town council of said borough. But said meetings shall be presided over by a president of council to be at the annual organization thereof elected by such council from among their number. And in the absence of such president shall be presided over by a president pro tempore.

SEC. 3. Every ordinance and resolution which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such borough, if he approve, he shall sign it, but if he shall not approve, he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance or resolution. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution, it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the yeas and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council. Provided, That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto. If such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the chief burgess at the next regular meeting of said council after the same shall have been presented to him, the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it: Provided, That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law.

Sections 4 and 5 do away with the office of assistant burgess and repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this one.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

The most prominent feature of the closing week of this remarkable year has been the liquidation in the stock market. The shrinkage in values has been so large and continuous that at any other time it would have caused serious alarm. The decline was hastened by the announcement at the beginning of the week of the insolvency of the Atchison railroad, a system embracing 9,344 miles of track, and representing over $323,000,000 capital stock and funded debt. The situation was aggravated by the subsequent appointment of a receiver for the New York and New England railroad, and by reported poor earnings of other large corporations. The decline in prices ranged from $2 to $12 per share, and scarcely any class of security escaped depreciation.

Very little change took place in the industrial world. The number of mills and factories shutting down was about equalled by the number resuming operations. In all lines of trade the hand-to-mouth policy continues. In the Pittsburg district the wages of iron and steel workers are undergoing a process of read justment, the tendency of which will be to cheapen the cost of finished products, and possibly to stimulate the demand therefor.

The volume of general trade this week, as measured by back exchanges, was perhaps the smallest of the year. The total clearances were $778,000,000, against $952,000,000 last week. Exclusive of New York they were only $358,000,000, against $433,000,000 last week. Compared with the corresponding period last year the decline is 26.8 per cent.

The close of the year finds a most a comalous condition of monetary affairs. The New York associated banks have a larger surplus reserve than ever before in their history. It is more than 10 times as large as in 1892. The United States treasury has the lowest net cash balance for many years. One of the incipient causes of the panic was the fear that the treasury gold reserve would decline to $100,000,000. It is now down to $82,000,000, and provokes little or no comment. The reports of national banks show that in all the larger cities, with the exception of Pittsburg, idle money is piling up. But notwithstanding the plethora of funds, borrowers find it difficult to secure accommodation except upon first-class security. This fact has caused the embarrassment of many of the railroads which have heretofore had no trouble in supplying their wants. In all doubtful cases lenders have declined to make renewals. On the other hand, the competition for gilt-edged paper is so keen that the borrower is enabled to name the rate of discount. The state of government finances foreshadows a bond issue in the near future, with the probability of more activity in the money market.

The ensuing two weeks will be occupied by annual settlements. Should there be no serious defaults, the restoration of confidence should make rapid progress, as credit has been put to the crucial test by the events of the past quarter, and individuals and firms which have successfully withstood it, may be confidently trusted in future. The annual reviews of the commercial agencies make very gloomy reading, but it should be remembered that they deal with events of the past, and that basic conditions are now favorable to steady improvement.

AMERICAN WEALTH'S OWNERSHIP.

George K. Holmes, special agent of the U. S. census, and consequently well informed in the matter, holds that the total wealth of the people of the United States is about 60,000 millions, or in other words, the average per head is between $900 and $1,000. The distribution of the national wealth is a difficult subject to determine, but the gentleman figures that, counting from the poorest upwards, there are about 11 millions of families worth in the neighborhood of 18,000 millions. The millionaire class numbers, in his estimation, over 4,000 and the comforting fact is that all this class has arisen in the last hundred [illegible] There are [illegible] man living in that [illegible] hundred years ago who was worth one million dollars, and now we have over 4,000 of such fortune's favorites. One person in 16,000 wins that distinction. It used to be said that every French soldier carried a marshal's baton in his knapsack and had the chance of winning this distinction, but it is evident that he had less chance of "getting there" than the average American citizen has of becoming a millionaire.

The middle class, those with over $5,000 per family, number, according to Mr. Holmes's computation, nearly 1,100,000 families. They own about 30,000 millions of property. He attributes the condition of the great mass of families partly at least to the well-known extravagance of the American people. But it is questioned whether this extravagance, this lavish spending of money for material comforts, enjoyments, and knowledge, has not been of greater good to the nation than such saving as the French people practice. At any rate the conclusion to be drawn from this statistician's work is, that steady and liberal progress marks the condition of all classes of the American people. Most wonderful is the change, within one generation, of the class which was properly itself 30 years ago, and not only owns itself now, but is the possessor of comfortable means also.

FREE VETERINARY SERVICE.

Dr. Leonard Pierson, Professor of Practical veterinary Science in the University of Pa., will again give the instruction in Veterinary Science to the classes in Agriculture, at the Pennsylvania State College, during the Winter term, beginning January 3rd, 1894.

A free clinic will be held at the Experiment Station barn at State College once every two weeks, when a limited number of horses, cattle, sheep, etc. will be treated free of charge, to give the students a better opportunity of becoming familiar with the diseases and ailments of live stock.

Any one having an animal which they wish treated, will kindly communicate with the undersigned, at the earliest possible moment, giving a description and history of the case.

To the owners of such animals as are accepted, ample notice will be given of the date on which such animals will be operated upon.

Address all communications concerning the matter to H. J. Waters, Department of Agriculture, State College, Pa.

—A certain young lady in Bellefonte, who was expecting her lover from a distance on Monday evening, became so nervous in anticipation of the happy moment that when a neighbor's child called for yeast she gave her cream instead, without knowing the difference. Cream is good enough at all times, but it is not the kind of stuff to raise good bread.

THE CHRONICLES OF GROVER.

I

Now, in the first year of the second reign of Grover, whose surname is Cleveland there arose a great clamor and outcry about certain islands of the sea; for in times past the ruler of those islands was a queen who was a harlot, and the people thereof waxed wroth because of her wickedness, insomuch that they rose up against her and took the government from her.

And when they had given the government to one of their own number the chief men of the islands went down into a ship and sailed for America, where Benjamin a wise man ruled, and they told Benjamin of all that had been done; and Benjamin gave ear unto them, and when they asked that he would take the islands and make them a part of his own country, he said: "Verily, these islands are a goodly heritage; they are pleasant and fruitful, and I will take them in."

So straightway he wrote a message unto the Senate and sent a treaty, that the Senate might agree to it.

II

But it came to pass that in the eleventh month of that same year the people elected Grover to be ruler, because they thought anybody would do.

And after Grover was crowned he also sent a message unto the Senate, and said; "Return to me the treaty which Benjamin hath sent you, for I like it not, and will not let you ratify it, because it is not good."

So the Senate sent the treaty to Grover, and he called in unto him Walter, his Prime Minister, who the tribe of Benjamin had cast aside.

And Grover said unto him: "What shall I do so that Benjamin shall not profit by the getting of these islands? For am I not the ruler of this land; and am I not set on high to show the people the right way? When I laugh do not the Democrats also, and when I grieve do not the Mugwumps so, and when I frown do not all the people tremble?

"But this Benjamin [illegible]eareth, for he hath gotten to himself great glory by this thing and if I follow him, then will all the people say, 'Lo! he followeth Benjamin.' Tell me, Walter, what is meet to do or by the great horned spoons, off comes your head."

Then Walter trembled, and drew near, and said: "Let me lord Grover be troubled. If thou hatest Benjamin, do not I hate him more. Hath he not snubbed me and cast me down? Wherefore now let us conspire against Benjamin: let us send unto those islands Blount, the Georgian, to spy out the land and see if peradventure he may be able to show us a way out of the hole."

III.

Now, Grover was well pleased, and he sent for Blount, and when he was come, he drew near and kissed Grover on his second chin, and Grover was more tickled then ever, and gave him ten dollars and a ticket to the land of Honey Lulu, and a letter of introduction to Lilly-wocky-lany.

And when Blount was gone Grover called for wine and was exceedingly glad, and he danced and sang "Wait Till the Clouds Roll By" in such a loud voice that the hired girl thought the palace was afire.

And it was so that happened as Grover wished, and his spy reported all those things which had been sent to do.

Then did Grover send an Ambassador, whose name was Willis, to those islands, and he sent a letter to the chief ruler thereof, and another letter to Lilly-wocky-lany; and the letter to the chief ruler did Willis have in his right hand, and the letter to Lilly did he have in his inside pocket. And in the letter to the chief ruler he professed friendship, and in the letter to Lilly he said: "Behold, how I am angry because you have been abused by Benjamin and Stevens. Get thee up now and make ready, for I shall by my own servants restore thee; for am I not Grover, and who shall dare to stand before me?"

IV

Now, when these things were known, all the chief Republicans were exceeding angry, and the Senators said: "Who is this Grover, that he taketh it upon himself to make war, and set up thrones, and to tear down republics? Let us say unto him: "Come, now, Grover, show us thine hand. Tell us all thou hast done in this business, and that right early.'"

So Grover, fearing lest he should too much provoke the people, sent a message unto the Senate, telling some of the things he had done about the islands, and making excuses for himself.

But the message pleased not the Republicans, nor the Democrats, nor any one, save those who were of no party and no faith save Grover's.

Then Grover, after he had sent the message, call unto him Daniel, his chief consoler, and said unto him: "Daniel, thou seest that I am in a deep, dark hole. Yea, I am sore pressed. I am beset behind and before, and mine enemies give me no rest neither day nor night. There is Reed and Boutelle, and Hoar and Hill, and Dana, the meanest of all. Oh, if I could but set down on 'em, Dan, then would I squeeze 'em hard! I'd show 'em where the Constitution was then, Dan. Now, Daniel, console me. Sing to me, or give me a drink of something warm, Dan, lest I succumb."

Then Daniel set forth to find some succor for his master.

SUPERSTITIONS OF THE NEW YEAR.

Superstitious fancies concerning the new year have been as numerous as those with regard to Christmas. In general the first actions of the year are regarded as in some degree symbolizing what is to be done during the remaining days, hence the idea that when you sweep on New Year's you should sweep toward and not from the house, lest your good luck be swept away. A similar reason exists for the fancy that if you do not have something new on the first day you will have nothing new during the year. It is not difficult to account for the superstition that a light must not be taken out of the house on that day lest there be a death in the family, but why it should be more unlucky to meet a woman than a man is one of the curiosities of superstition. In general the adages are against anything being taken out of the house before something is brought in, the reason being sufficiently apparent. Several omens which have grown out of the day are extremely curious and unaccountable. In the Isle of Man the housewife spreads ashes before the door and in the morning looks for a footprint. If it turns inward, the anticipation is of an addition to the family by birth or permanent residence; if, however, it points outward, the omen is of death.

In many countries the weather of the day is indicative of what is to come. The "Shepherds Kalendar" declares, "If New Year's day in the morning opens with [illegible]sky red clouds, it depotes strife among [illegible]great men and [illegible] that year." Divination of New Year's day by opening the bible with a knife and reading the first passage on which the eye happens to fall was a favorite way of foretelling the future of our forefathers. In regard to the superstitions of conduct it is generally agreed that the day should be spent in good deeds, for ill luck is certain to follow any and all frivolity on this day. —Mail and Express.

LIGHT OR NO LIGHT.

One week from to-day, January 10th, the existing contract existing between the borough council and the Edison Electric Illuminating company, for the lighting of the streets of Bellefonte, will expire, and the question that presents itself now is, will there be light after that date, or will the citizens of Bellefonte be compelled to grope in darkness? True, it is, that at council meeting Monday night it was voted to extend the present contract with the Electric Light company for a period of one year and the necessary authority was given the Street and Finance committees to make such an agreement with the company. But in this matter the company may have some say. Although they have been approached, they have not yet signified their willingness or intention to accept such a contract; and, more especially, as it has been made public that negotiations are pending, between the chairman of the Street committee and a number of capitalists, looking toward the putting down of a new plant, to be run by water power (which latter it is asserted has already been secured) for the purpose of furnishing light for Bellefonte's streets, and, it is alleged, at a much smaller cost than the present system. The present Electric Light company are willing to make a contract for three years, but don't feel like entering into a one year's agreement, go to all the expense that will be necessary during the ensuing twelve months, to perfect and keep up the present system, and then next winter have the contract go to another company. This, they think, is unreasonable and should not be asked.

On the other hand, the members of the Bellefonte council, who are sworn to faithfully work to the best interests of all, do not want to bind themselves or successors to pay a certain price for a thing that one year from now they may be able to get for two-thirds that sum. The question is now down to one of business on both sides and, viewing it from an impartial standpoint, we are constrained to think that both parties feel themselves in the right, and maybe they are. Under these circumstances, it might be well for everybody to prepare to "go it blind" after next Wednesday, as that is what they might be compelled to do.

—Exit Rupp, Gramley and Ishler. Enter Rumberger, Miles and Condo.

TO PREVENT COLDS.

Here Are Rules That Will Tend to Lessen the Doctor's Bill.

The great secret of escaping pneumonia, bronchitis, catarrh and the like, one wiseacre tells us, is in keeping the mouth tightly closed and breathing through the nose, says the New York World. Another declares that the sure way to escape all the ills that flesh is heir to is to take a cold sponge bath each morning without fail. Another says that health from December until May depends entirely upon the thickness of one's shoes. But the unfortunate woman who pins her faith to any one of these rules is as likely as not to be a consumptive before spring. Only she who regards them all is likely to escape all the cold weather ills.

Those who are subject to throat or nasal troubles will find the rule concerning the closed lips of great value. If the air can be drawn into the lungs through its legitimate channels, there is not likely to be any serious disturbance of those channels. The cold sponge is advisable for everyone. Those who find it too severe a shock to their system may add enough warm water to make it tepid. A little sea salt dissolved in the water will make it more efficacious in hardening the skin.

Shoes should be thick-soled for street wear, and high for all wear. Even in the best protected houses there are apt to be draughts, and the air about the floor is not always warm. The ankles are more susceptible to cold than the rest of the body, and should have adequate protection indoor and out. To take off high overshoes, high shoes and heavy stockings and don silk stockings and slippers is pure imbecility.

Even in the worst weather it is advisable for a woman to go out into the open air for a while. Nothing renders one so liable to take cold as to remain warmly housed for too many days in succession and then to brave the outer atmosphere.

An exercise which has prevented many colds, helped to cure many very severe ones and strengthened many weak lungs, is to breathe slowly through the nose until the lungs are full of air, to hold the air a few seconds and then to expel it slowly. The best place to take this exercise is in the open air when one is walking.

HOW TO TELL A PERSONS'S AGE.

Here is something from a German newspaper which will do two things for you besides what it pretends to do. It will amuse you, and will give you good practice in mental arithmetic, as well as enable you to appear to your friends to be an extraordinarily gifted person. Says the newspaper in question, the age of a person and the month in which he was born may be discovered as follows: First you ask him to go to the other end of the room to prevent your seeing what he is going to write. Then you ask him to put down the number of the month in which he was born and multiply it by 2, then add 5 to the sum, and multiply the latter by 50, add his age to the product, then deduct 365, and add 115 to the remainder. Suppose he is 49 years of age and was born in February, the computation might stand thus: 2 x 2 equals 4, plus 5 equals 9 x 50 equals 450, plus 49 equals 499, minus 365 equals 134, plus 115 equals 249, the last two figures indicate the age—viz., 49, and the first figure 2, February, the second month of the year. You simply ask the person to state the result of the calculation, and then declare that he was born in February and is 49 years of age.

Experiment with this as often as you please and it is sure to work, provided you do it correctly.

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

Notwithstanding denials, it is contended that the Vanderbilts intend next spring to build a connection between the Beech Creek division of the New York Central and the Lake Erie and Western, both of which roads are owned by the Vanderbilts, says the Scranton *Tribune*. While the route of the alleged extension or connection is considered problematic, the purchase of coal lands in Somerset county by persons standing close to Vanderbilt interests, and the presence there of a corps of engineers, is believed to indicate that the line will pass through that county. The theory is advanced that it will go up Stony and Quemahoning creeks and down Laurel Hill creek to Confluence, thence to Connelsville. It is in these Somerset county coal lands that some Scranton capital is invested, and while nothing definite can be gleaned as to the intentions behind the present surveys, it is believed the idea is merely to tap a valuable local territory and not, as has been alleged, to revive or parallel the South Penn trunk line or do anything upon a scale of such magnitude.

A FLOOD RELIC.

The Johnstown *Democrat*, of Wednesday, relates the following: On Monday afternoon a force of men making a sewer excavation between the Penn Traffic Company's stores unearthed a safe belonging to the Water & Gas Company. The iron box had been buried there since the flood. It contained nothing of any value and would not have been taken out but for the fact of it being in the way of the workmen. Yesterday it was removed to the Company's tool house on Washington street, where it was opened by Thomas Watkins, the Company's foreman. The drawers and pigeonholes were filled with papers and books but all were blurred and disfigured so that the writing could not be deciphered. The safe contained about two gallons of water, which had turned as black as coal tar. It perfumed (?) the air for almost a block.

WOULD HELP BELLEFONTE.

A correspondent in the Huntingdon *News* advocates the extension of the Central Pennsylvania railroad to that place. His reasoning is so good, and the building of the road he advocates would be of such inestimable value to Bellefonte, that we publish his communication in full, as follows: "I see an article in Tuesday's LOCAL, 'Bellefonte's New Railroad, etc.' When you were writing up the article, why did you not say B. & H. road, which would mean Bellefonte & Huntingdon? A road could be run from Pine Grove, the terminus (I believe) of the Bellefonte road, down Spruce Creek valley, water grade the whole way, to the mouth of Spruce creek, piercing a very rich lime stone valley, rich in lime stone, iron ore, timber and all kinds of farm products. The distance to Spruce Creek is sixteen miles, then strike the Juniata river and follow the north bank to Neff's, one-fourth mile east of Petersburg station, cross the famous P. R. R. overhead, thus save all litigation usually attending such cases. Crossing the Juniata at that point, follow down on the south bank to the Reformatory, connect with the P. I. R. branch, thence over to H. & B. T. R. R. at McCahan's cut. There you are, presto change, we have a connecting line. If our P. R. R. friends kick too hard, what is the matter with going to Mt. Dallas and running out 30 miles additional? We then have through trunk line, connecting B. & O. with Beech Creek or Reading, giving us a through trunk line east and west, either way. This can all be done as easy as to talk about it. Now Huntingdon is getting her good streets; we have everything essential to the make-up of a first-class town. Let us put our heads together and make old Huntingdon a new Huntingdon, not only in name, but in fact. I said the distance from Pine Grove to Spruce Creek is 16 miles, from Spruce Creek to Huntingdon 12 miles; so you see the barrier is only a trifle, if we go at the matter with a will. Twenty eight miles! Just think of it! We have at least two citizens in our town, either one of whom could build this road alone."

GIBSON—THOMAS.

An important event occurred Thursday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Thomas, on Thomas street, this place, in which their oldest daughter was one of the prominent actors in one of the most important of life's dramas. It was the occasion of the marriage of Miss Lyda Thomas to Mr. I. Newton Gibson of Lewisburg. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. K. Knisely, of New Bloomfield, Pa. in the presence of a few invited guests, the friends of the contracting parties. The bride was attired in a dress of china silk, with point lace fichu The groom looked every bit the gentleman in the customary black. Following the hearty congratulations of their friends and an inspection of the many beautiful and valuable presents, a most delicious wedding breakfast was served and the happy couple departed on the 9.32 train for a brief wedding tour to eastern and southern cities.

The groom, who fills the responsible position of baggage master on the Lewisburg railroad, is hard at work building for himself a house on Thomas street where, as soon as it is completed, the young couple will make their future home. Congratulations.

REPORTERS REBUKED.

Judge Sherman, of Boston, was surprised a few days ago by reading in the morning paper what disposition the Jury should make of a certain case before the Court, and addressed the reporters for the press in this manner: Newspapers have no right to publish articles anticipating what will take place, nor have they right to report what has taken place elsewhere and allege them to be the facts in the case. They must confine themselves to what transpires within the court room and report fairly what takes place during the case. It is proper that the outside public should know what takes place in a court though the newspapers must report only what *does take place* and *after* it has taken place.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

At a regular meeting of Encampment No. 59, Union Veteran Legion of Centre county held in this place Wednesday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Col.—Christian Dale.
Lieut. Col.—W. H. Musser.
Treasurer—John W. Stewart.
Chaplain—Bev. Geo. E. Zehner.
Surgeon—Dr. H. R. Hensyl.
Quartermaster—W. H. Taylor.
Officer of Day—Col. Amos Mullen.
Officer of Guard—James Krebs.
Color Bearer—James Whittaker.
Sentinel—Andrew Lucas.

DEATH OF JOHN KNOWLES.

Word has reached Bellefonte of the very sudden death of Mr. John Knowles, who fell in a fit on the streets of Richmond, Va., a few days ago and expired shortly afterwards. Mr. Knowles was a brother of Mrs. W. R. Teller, wife of the former proprietor of the Bush House in this place. Mr. Knowles frequently visited in Bellefonte and was well known by many of our citizens who will hear with regret of his sudden and sorrowful death.

DEATH OF MRS. HARPER.

Which Occurred at 1 O'clock This Morning at Her Home on Thomas Street.

On Wednesday we made mention of the very serious illness of Mrs. Jared Harper. Thurday 'twas our painful duty to chronicle the death of this most estimable lady, which occurred at her home on Thomas street at 1 o'clock that morning. Mrs. Harper has been in ill health for many weeks, and more than once her life was despaired of, but she always rallied and then her friends felt hopeful for her complete recovery. She suffered from a complication of diseases and everything in the way of medical attention that a kind and loving husband could procure or the best of physicians render was done but all to no avail. The grim destroyer Death had seized with icy grip on the frail constitution and, though the attending physician pronounced the disease baffled, it left the lady too weak to recover, and quietly and peacefully she passed from the tuimorl and strife of this world of mortality into the haven of rest and eternal life.

Mrs. Anna C Harper was a daughter of Thomas Cronomiller, and was born at Aaronsburg, this county, on November 24, 1850, thus being 53 years, 1 month and 3 days of age. She was married to Mr Jared Harper in August, 1860. They had two children, Edward and Thomas, both of whom died when comparatively young. Mr and Mrs. Harper moved to Bellefonte in the spring of 1869 and have lived here ever since. In 1859 Mrs. Harper was confirmed a member of the Reformed church and since that time has always lived a consistent christian life and has been an active worker in the church of her choice. She has made many friends while living in Bellefonte, all of whom will hear with sorsow and regret the announcement of her death.

INJUNCTION CASE.

Quite an interesting injunction case was before Judges Furst, Riley and Faulkner Wednesday. The plaintiffs in the case were Wm. H. Long, his wife and mother-in-law, against the Borough of Howard. The plaintiffs asked for an injunction to prevent the borough from taking water out of a small run which empties into Lick Run, on which Long's flouring mill is located, the borough having constructed a reservoir on the run one thousand feet from where it empties into Lick Run, for the purpose of conveying in pipes the water into the borough for the use of its citizens. Evidence produced was that the volume of water in the run to be diverted only amounted to about one horse power which would not be perceptible at the forebay of Long's mill; that Long runs his mill by steam power and [illegible] water power some years ago and ceased to repair his dam; that Wm. H. Long was a member of the borough council, also a member of the water committee, and helped to locate the reservoir and secure the right-of-way for the laying of the water pipes; that he was an ardent advocate of bringing the water into Howard and had frequently said that the construction of the water works would benefit him to the amount of $250 per year, for then he could use soft water for his boilers instead of the hard water from Lick Run, which damaged his boilers by incrusting them with lime. Long now claims three thousand dollars damages for the water thus diverted from the small run spoken of. After hearing the evidence in the case and the pleas of the respective attorneys the court reserved its opinion. Reeder and Love were the attorneys for the plaintiffs and Bower and Orvis for defendants.

HOW IS THIS.

After the 1st of January 1894 the wages of the persons employed in the Carnegie steel works at Homestead, will be reduced 40 per cent. We also notice that several other manufacturing establishments have reduced the wages of their employes at the same rate. These manufactures claim if their help will not accept the reduction they will be obliged to close down indefinitely. There is no fine spun plausible theory about this, but cold practical facts. The reduction of 40 per cent. means a great deal. It means that a person who now receives two dollars a day as wages will hereafter receive but one dollar and twenty cents per day; that a person receiving one dollar a day for wages, hereafter will receive but sixty cents per day. It means hopeless poverty and ignorance in the future for all wage workers and their families which must of necessity breed more criminals and make life and property more insecure. Yet the people of this great country at the ballot box, demanded all this. It looks to us as though the country is bigger than the people.

BROKE HIS ARM.

On Tuesday afternoon while at school, at the house in Bush's addition where Mr. J. H. Oliger presides, Miles Saylor, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harland Saylor, of this place, in playing at recess fell on a stone and broke his left arm between the wrist and elbow. His school companions assisted him to the home of Mrs. Cherry, on Valentine street, (Miles' father and mother both being away from home at the time) where Dr. Dorworth set the broken member and rendered all necessary attendance. The young man is getting along all right but will suffer the inconvenience of the use of only one arm.

ROBBERY AT CLEARFIELD.

The safe in the P. R. R. station at Clearfield was robbed of $150 Christmas while the employes were temporarily absent. The agent, when he left the station closed the door of the safe, but did not lock it. He locked the door of the room in which the safe was, and when he returned the room door was broken open and the money gone.

JANUARY TRIAL LIST.

During January there will be three weeks of court and the trial list for that time is as follows:

FOR MONDAY JANUARY 15 1894.

Philip Collins vs Bellefonte Central R. R. Co.
Alfred Jones use of vs Pa. State College.
Carrie V. Wilson vs Harry McCauley.
Bird Coal and Iron Co. vs E. C. Humes.
Mary Fravel vs Sarah Crissman.
Munson Glass Co. vs McCalmont & Co.
W. Y. Peters vs Willis Weaver.
Wm. C. Sheesley vs J. R. Wolfe.
Sarah M. Richards vs Mattern Bros.
B. E. V. & N. V. Turnpike Co. vs Centre Co.

FOR MONDAY JANUARY 22ND.

Matilda D. Spotts vs O. P. St. Clair.
Thomas Lauver vs David Harter.
Susan Ertle vs Howard twp.
Arthur Hewlitt vs E. S. Woomer.
Geo. W. Campbell vs. Mary Campbell.
W. C. Heinle vs John Swartz et al.
John W. Cooke vs I. F. Huff & Co.
Emma Messmer vs N. W. Ream.
Jesse Long & Son vs T. F. Brungart admin.
A. Baum, agt. vs E. J. Swavely.
E. S. Dorworth vs James McMulien.
Jacob Garbrick vs David Harter.

FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 29.

Mary V. Hale et al vs Bellefonte Central R. R. Co.
Conrad Immel vs Beecher & Sober.
B. F. Nearhood vs Jonathan Auman.
Elizabeth D. Kunes vs John B. Shaw et al.
J. M. Ward vs Walter Boswell.
James E. Solt vs Boro of Bellefonte.
Isaac W. Raven vs Millheim Turnpike Co.
Isaac Stover vs Central R. R. Co. of Pa.
John P. Rockey vs " "
H. J. Garbrick vs " "
M. C. Gephart vs Union Central Life Insurance Co.
Thomas L. Waple vs Philipsburg Boro.
James Leitzel, Jr. vs George Shessley, et al.
A. W. Brown vs A. H. Alport.
Kate Mulholland vs Henry W. Hoover, agt.
John I. Thompson vs Graysdale Mining Co.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Following is the list of marriage licenses granted from the Register's office during the past week:

Thomas S. Hazel, of Spring township, and Elizabeth N. O'Bryan, of Bellefonte.

George Harter and Nellie N. Garbrick, both of Marion township.

George Baney, of Pine Grove Mills, and Mary Ward, of same place.

David T. McCloskey and Elsie M. Long, both of Romola.

John T. Bowes and Margaret Kunes, both of Blanchard.

John Mitchell, of Cadiz, Ohio, and Frances Bollinger, of Aaronsburg.

John H. Detwiler, of Aaronsburg, and Anna M. Roush, of Penn Hall.

Ammon A. Stover and Minnie O. Stover, both of Haines township.

Foster W. Frazier and Annie E. Lee, both of Tusseyville.

Sherman L. Spotts, of Unionville, and Dora G. White, of Pine Glenn.

Luther Campbell, of Oak Hall, and Annie E. Osman, of Lemont.

Burdine Butler, of Howard, and Annie McCable, of Nittany.

Robert S. Malone, and Della May Taylor, both of Milesburg.

O. J. Spotts, of Union township, and Joanna Markle, of Bellefonte.

William Kelley, of Lock Haven, and Agnes M. Ulrich, of Millheim.

Jonathan Shutt, of Potter township, and Annie Shultz, of Miles township.

Elmer E. Taylor, of Altoona, and Maggie B. Peters, of Unionville.

A. E. Garbrick and Sallie A. Shaffer, both of Zion, Pa.

Joseph A. Way, of Tyrone, and Jennie Bush, of Union township.

—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Musser, near Pennsylvania Furnace, they gave an entertainment which resolved itself into a Christmas dinner, Saturday, December 23, to their many friends. Some fifty guests appeared at the roll call from all sections of the county and surrounding country. A highly delightful repast was enjoyed and an enjoyable was had. Among those present were Mrs. John T. Ramey and family, E E McClintic and wife and Dr. W F Musser, all of Tyrone.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE PITTSBURG COMMERCIAL GAZETTE offers eight beautiful water-color scenes from the Midway plaisance of the World's fair by the celerbated artist. W H Crane, for every subscription to weekly. The pictures are gems and will ornament any parlor. They will be delivered free of charge upon receipt of address and subscription money.

MR. EDWIN TYSON.

An Old Centre Countain Passes Over the River.

The following facts of the life and death of Mr. Edwin Tyson we clip from the Philipsburg *Journal*:

"Another good man has fallen, and the whole community is plunged into sorrow. In the death of Mr. Edwin Tyson, which occurred at his home on South Front street last evening, Philipsburg loses one of its very best citizens and most enterprising business men. About five weeks ago he was taken ill, and his condition almost at once became critical, and gave his family and friends the very deepest concern.

He received the very best attention that skilled physicians and kind hands could bestow upon him, and while at times his condition would seem to show a slight improvement, relapses would invariably set in, each time seeming to lessen his strength and give fainter hopes concerning his recovery. No longer able to resist the encrochments of the death messenger, he peacefully passed to rest about 6 o'clock Thursday evening.

"The deceased was born in York county this state, on December 4th, 1834, and was consequently aged 54 years and 24 days. In the year 1860 he was married to Miss Eliza Henry, by whose side he walked most pleasantly during the 33 years that had intervened, and no one will miss him more than his beloved companion. In 1860 he came to Centre county, locating in Bellefonte, remaining there until about ten years ago, when he brought his family to Philipsburg and embarked in the butchering business, at the time of his death being the senior member of the Philipsburg Beef company, and a few years ago building a beautiful home on South Front street, and no home in Philipsburg has been more noted for its happy occupants and generous hospitality. In 1858 Mr. Tyson identified himself with the Lutheran church, and ever since has remained steadfast, believing firmly in the principles, doctrines and government of said church. He was one of the charter members of the Lutheran church in this city, and aided very materially by his earnest efforts and financial support in the erection of the present beautiful edifice in which our Lutheran friends now worship. He was one of the leading members of the church in this city and has always sustained an official relationship to it, and was noted for his liberality in the support of the cause of the Master. He was known wherever he lived as a man of sterling integrity and indefatigable industry. A man of rare social qualities, exceedingly kind hearted, he was respected by all, and has left to his surviving family, and friends a record of honorable and persevering effort to make his own life a success as well as to better the condition of those with whom he came in contact. He was a good friend, a devoted husband, and a most affectionate father. One son, William E., of Vail, and two daughters, Misses Sarah and Katie, share the grief of their mother over the death of one of the best of fathers. The prayers and sympathies of the many who knew and loved him, will ascend in their behalf.

"The world is richer because he lived in it. He will be missed in the community; his presence will be missed in the family circle and also in the church, where he 'was full of good works.' But we sorrow not as those without hope. If faithful to the end, we shall meet him again."

Funeral services were held at the late home of the deceased on Friday evening at 7 o'clock, conducted by Rev. J. W. Henderson, of the Lutheran church, assisted by Rev. Dr. Miller, of the M. E. church. On Saturday the remains were brought to Bellefonte, accompanied by the family and a large circle of sorrowing friends. At the depot the remains were taken in charge by Constans Commandery Knight Templars, sixteen members of that society, in full uniform, acting as escort to the Union cemetery. Rev. Ed. Everett Hoshour, pastor of the Bellefonte Lutheran church, officiated. The beautiful burial service of the Knight Templars was also gone through with. The pall bearers were Frank B. Stover, C. T. Gerberich, Clement Dale, Esq., Capt. Amos Mullen, H. Y. Stitzer and William Page.

HASTINGS FOR GOVERNOR.

The following editorial is clipped from Wednesday's issue of the Middletown (Pa.) *Daily Journal*:

The time is rapidly approaching when the Republican party will be required to seek among her men of ability and statesmanship a man for the office of Governor of this Commonwealth for another term. This person should be one who represents the choice of the citizens generally, and among those who are mentioned at the present time for this important position there is none who the people look upon with so much confidence and with such high favor as Gen. Daniel H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, famous for his ability both in the state and nation. From the hillsides and valleys, from every part of this grand old state the cry is resounded far and wide "Hastings is our choice for Pennsylvania's chief executive." Few men in the state have arisen to such great prominence in so short a time. A great tidal wave has already started which is sweeping through every village and hamlet, town and city, and increasing in force with time, demanding the nomination of this noble personage. The JOURNAL would be insensible to the clamor of the people, would not represent the sentiment of a large portion of the inhabitants of this part of Dauphin county, were it to remain quiet and not emphasize the importance of a united effort to secure the nomination of Gen. Hastings. The first choice of the JOURNAL is Hastings, but if we cannot secure him, then we believe the next best man would be Gen. J P S Gobin, of Lebanon, a good man, staunch and true, one who would fill this exalted position with honor and credit.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

What the Returns for Six Months Show in Centre County.

Some time ago we made mention of the fact that the assessors throughout Centre county were busy making a registration of all births and deaths occurring between June 6th and December 1st, 1893. The work has been completed and thus far returns from forty-four out of fifty-one precincts have been received and they show a total of 401 births and 164 deaths. By districts the returns sum up as follows:

Bellefonte, N. W.—Not returned.
" S. W.—Births 9, deaths 2.
" W. W.—Births 6, deaths 6.
Centre Hall—Births 4, deaths 3.
Howard—Births 9, deaths 2.
Millheim—Births 7, deaths 6.
Milesburg—Births 12, deaths 4.
Philipsburg 1st W.—Births 7, deaths 3.
" 2nd W.—Births 11, deaths 1.
" 3rd W.—Births 10, deaths 6.
South Philipsburg—Births 8, deaths 4.
Unionville—Births 8, deaths 3.
Benner—Births 18, deaths 6.
Boggs E. P.—Births 6, deaths 2.
" W. P.—Births 11, deaths 5.
" N. P.—Births 8, deaths 0.
Burnside—Births 2, deaths 2.
College, E. P.—Births 15, death 5.
" W. P.—Births 10, deaths 5.
Curtin—Not returned.
Ferguson, E. P.—Births 15, deaths 4
" W. P.—Births 7, deaths 5.
Gregg, N. P.—Births 9, deaths 2.
" S. P. —Not returned.
" E. P.—Births 8. deaths 2.
Haines, E. P.—Births 6, deaths 1.
" W. P.—Births 11, deaths 5.
Halfmoon—Births 9, deaths 5.
Harris—Births 8, deaths 7.
Howard—Not returned.
Huston—Births 13, deaths 5.
Liberty—Not returned.
Marion—Births 4, deaths 2.
Miles, E P—Births 2, deaths 0.
" M P—Births 2, deaths 6.
" W P—Births 3, deaths 0
Patton—Births 12, deaths, 2.
Penn—Births 9, deaths 2.
Potter, N. P.—Births 5, deaths 2.
" S P—Births 4, deaths 7.
Rush, N P—Births 16, deaths 3.
" S P—Not returned
Snow Shoe, E P.—Births 25, deaths 7.
" W P—Births 12, deaths 4.
Spring, N P—Births 10, deaths 4.
" S P—Births 10, deaths 8.
" W P—Births 15, deaths 6.
Taylor—Not returned.
Union—Births 5, deaths 4.
Walker—Births 10, deaths 3.
Worth—Births 9, deaths 3.

DEATHS IN SIX MONTHS.

Since June 6th, according to the registration returned by the respective assessors, there have been twenty deaths in the borough of Bellefonte. The list is as follows:

North ward—Ed. Foulk, the 6 months old child of Joshua Foulk, died August 21; Margaret E McKnight, the child of Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKnight, Jr., died August 31; John H Orvis, died November 6; John W Moore, died November 7; John A Rankin, died November 14; Ruth, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shelley, died November 14; Lizzie Stewart, (colored) died November 18; James Laurie, died November 22; Mrs. Mary Morgan, died November 25; Miss Mary McLanahan, died December 8; Mrs. Mary Jane Glenn, died December 27.

South ward—Bernice Gehrett, the 8-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Collins Gehrett, died September 10; Mary McCafferty, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. James McCafferty, died November 1.

West ward—James H Rankin, died July 24; Mrs. Elizabeth Reed, died August 25; Mrs. Lafayette Mulholland, died October 6; John P Harper, died October 12; Ella McNeven, died November 24; William Swartz, died November 30; Mrs. Jared Harper, died December 28.

As an offset to this large death rate there have been just 21 births during the same period of time, an increase of one over deaths.

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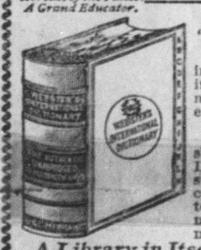

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GOOD ADVICE.

Every patriotic citizen should give his personal effort and influence to increase the circulation of his home paper which teaches the American policy of Protection. It is his duty to aid in this respect in every way possible. After the home paper is taken care of, why not subscribe for the AMERICAN ECONOMIST, published by the American Protective Tariff League? One of its correspondents says: "No true American can get along without it. I consider it the greatest and truest political teacher in the United States."

Send postal card request for free sample copy. Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary, 135 West 23d St., New York.

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FORESTS AS AN INVESTMENT

The importance of a scientific and systematic cultivation of forests upon mountain slopes continues to occupy a good deal of space in the columns of the press. The proof of the necessity of forest preservation and cultivation, both abroad and in this country, is so ample that further discussion would seem almost unnecessary; yet fresh facts are constantly being added to the practical demonstration. One telling point included in the forestry exhibit at Chicago was the demonstration, by experience in the Western States, that the proper planting of trees around prairie land increased its productive power fully 25 per cent by the preservation of moisture. Spain, France and Italy have exhibited the ruinous results of denuding mountain slopes of foliage, similar to what has been partially experienced in this country. Every consideration, agricultural, climatic and economic, points to the importance of interspersing and agricultural district with forests, and especially of keeping the mountain slopes which give rise to our greater rivers well clothed with trees.

This is so clear that the forest question, like the road topic, has reached the stage when the discussion may rightly be directed to means for setting to work at the actual improvement. This seems a somewhat difficult question, as the owners of mountain or waste lands are rarely of a class to devote much means to tree planting. But one method of doing this is commendably illustrated in the eastern part of the State. The Girard estate during the past ten years has planted more than 3000,000 trees on the waste mountain sides comprising a part of its coal property. The immediate purpose, we understand, is to enhance the summer flow of the mountain streams feeding the reservoirs by which various coal-mining towns are supplied; but the benefit and even the pecuniary gain will not stop there. These 300,000 trees and those which will be added to them will in the course of a generation or two yield a reliable revenue; for it is an integral part of scientific forestry that it produces a steady supply of timber from the mature trees while preserving the younger ones from shade until they reach their full growth.

This points to an investment in the creation of forests and their proper preservation in which the certainty of ultimate return would compensate for the delay of dividends. The American hunger for immediate dividends would be an objection; but those wishing to put aside property for their grandchildren might find corporations organized to own and cultivate forests a very satisfactory means of during so. For the growth of some classes of timber it might not require so long a time, either; a tract of land planted to locusts would yield good returns in 12 or 20 years. The forestry exhibits at the World's Fair included marketable timber grown in 20 to 27 years. For the finest lumber longer time is required, but this is compensated for by the constantly increasing value of the hard woods.

We believe it to be demonstratable that the acquisition and planting of lands, such as are now lying waste in the State, for the cultivation of forests would yield a return that for certainty and safety cannot be surpassed by any other investment. There are large areas in Pennsylvania available for that purpose and for little else. The State should certainly offer the premium of an exemption from taxation on land which is devoted to systematic and practical forestry.

A SAD CASE.

A sad case of insanity, resulting from an injury, sustained some three years ago, is that of Samuel Davis, who has his home about one mile east of Linden Hall. About three years ago, one night as he was returning by train from a political meeting held at Bellefonte, he jumped or fell from the train while it was still in motion and before it had reached the station close by. The conductor having observed the man pass through the door, and finding he had not stepped off on reaching the station, suspicion of something being wrong was aroused, and the train being backed a short distance, Davis was found lying along side the track and picked up unconscious. His injuries, upon examination, were found to be serious bruises about the head. Signs of mental weakness set in and his condition became that of complete insanity, of a violent type, so that it is found necessary to keep him in close confinement; he becomes disturbed by hallucinations that he is in danger of being injured by the cars; again, he will endeavor to break away and get to the railroad in order to prevent people getting hurt by the cars.

Whether Mr. Davis will ever become mentally sound again, is doubtful; his age is about 45 years, and he never was married.—*Centre Reporter.*

Ripans Tabules are always ready.

JURY LIST FOR JANUARY.

The Names of Those Who Will Serve as Jurors Next Court.

GRAND JURORS.

Fred Weber, painter Harris twp
George Sweeney, laborer Potter twp
Edward Miller, farmer Miles twp
James W Runkle, farmer Potter twp
Harry C Igans, teacher Liberty twp
John F Harter, dentist Millheim
Frank Strickland, laborer Snow Shoe twp
Jacob Wagner, farmer Potter twp
Solomon Candy, millright Howard boro
D A Paul, liveryman Philipsburg
John Todd, Jr., operator Rush twp
J H Tipton, salesman Howard boro
Charles Heisler, stone cutter Spring twp
Austin C Eckley, laborer Snow Shoe twp
S A Martin gentleman, Walker twp
H H Weiser, tinner Millheim
J W Pennington. laborer Rush twp
John D Gardner, farmer Curtin twp
A S Stover, plasterer Haines twp
Frank Brown, laborer Liberty twp
S P Gray, farmer Ferguson twp
Frank Peters, chair maker Union twp
Ben. Haffley, farmer Haines twp
C U Hoffer, Book-keeper Philipsburg

TRAVERS JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

John H Lever, blacksmith Halfmoon twp
Thaddeus Myers, miner Rush twp
George Weaver, farmer Curtin twp
Geo W Fisher, farmer Halfmoon twp
Fred Yocum, laborer Walker twp
E I Walker, laborer Boggs twp
Patrick Garrity, laborer Bellefonte
H M Krebs, teacher Ferguson twp
D K Tate, carpenter Bellefonte
L C Rearick, farmer Benner twp
John Getz, tinner College twp
T F Kennedy, carpenter College twp
Ira Brungart, farmer Miles twp
C P Stonerode, R R Agent Boggs twp
John Shugert, clerk Bellefonte
A C Mingle, merchant Bellefonte
Uriah Shaffer, farmer Miles
Aaron Smull, farmer Miles twp
Geo W Ocker, mechanic Centre Hall
John Rote, laberor Spring twp
James Neese, farmer Penn twp
Samuel B Shaffer, carpenter Miles twp
Philip Auman, farmer Potter twp
Thompson M Barnhart, teacher Spring twp
J M Brower, laborer Benner twp
Wm Goodhart, farmer Gregg twp
Orrin Brickley, mason Howard boro
David Brisbin, gentleman Centre Hall
Wm Shutt, shoemaker Benner twp
P W Bullock, laborer Snow Shoe twp
David Burrell, mason Gregg twp
B F Blair, farmer Patton twp
Charles W Wolf, farmer Haines twp
D W Schenck, farmer Howard twp
Sol Poorman, farmer Spring twp
Budd Thompson, merchant Worth twp

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Miles Zimmerman, farmer Burnside twp
Wm B Mingle, banker Centre Hall
R E Cambridge, teacher Unionville
Adam Martin, teacher Haines twp
James Harter, musician Penn twp
D W Holt, coal operator Philipsburg
George Glossner, farmer Marion twp
Wm A Curry, farmer Potter twp
Dominick Judge, foreman Spring twp
John A Slack, farmer Potter twp
John H Confer, farmer Penn twp
F O Hosterman, creamery man Millheim
Henry Garret, laborer Miles twp
Robert A Hall, farmer Union twp
Samuel Eidel, miner Snow Shoe twp
J D Brown, jeweler Snow Shoe twp
S S Crissman, druggist Philipsburg
W M Cronister, salesman Worth twp
James P Hale, superintendent Philipsburg
Samuel M Motz, gentleman Haines twp
Irvin Holmes, merchant College twp
Michael Lebkiehner, gentleman Boggs twp
Samuel Hosband, farmer Union twp
A H Weaver, farmer Gregg twp
Thomas Taylor, laborer Milesburg
Simon Harper, merchant Centre Hall
Hammond Sechler, merchant Bellefonte
Robert Tate, collier Walker twp
Samuel Emerick, farmer Union twp
Wm Wolf, miller Philipsburg
Chas. H Gullich, coach maker Philipsburg
Thomas James, miner Rush twp
Joseph Rightnour, laborer Bellefonte
Wm Hubler, farmer Miles twp
Lann Musser, laborer Ferguson twp
Edward Wasson, farmer Patton twp
Levi Spiglemeyer, laborer Penn twp
Lewis Wetzel, machinist Spring twp
Thomas D Weaver, carpenter Snow Shoe
Ellis Lytle, farmer Ferguson twp
Wm Tressler, farmer Benner twp
James P Hughes, teacher Bellefonte
W H Wilkinson, merchant Bellefonte
John B Mitchell, farmer Ferguson
Andrew Campbell, Clerk Penn twp
W H Holter, carpenter Howard boro
Joseph Casselburry, farmer Howard twp
James Broooks laborer Spring twp

TRAVERSE JURORS—THIRD WEEK.

P Gray Meek, editor Bellefonte
Wm Quick, farmer Snow Shoe twp
John Hoy, Jr., farmer Marion twp
Fred Leathers, farmer Howard twp
James E Johnson, clerk Philipsburg
Emanuel Brown, gentleman Bellefonte
John J Taylor, laborer Gregg twp
Jeff M Heckman, farmer Gregg twp
F W Crider, lumberman Bellefonte
Daniel B Weaver, farmer Miles twp
Robert Ray gentleman Bellefonte
E Q Woomer, merchant Philipsburg
Frank Wian, farmer Spring twp
Jacob F Kern, carriage maker Miles twp
Daniel Eberhart, carpenter Bellefonte
Howard Bowersox, laborer Haines twp
Benjamin Crain, farmer, Taylor twp
Wm Cupp, mason Halfmoon twp
John Howley, laborer Bellefonte
John G Dubbs, agent Spring twp
L W Walker. carpenter Ferguson twp
Charles R Musser. farmer Patton twp
Jesse Fredericks, carpenter Union twp
Clyde Coxey, teacher Harris twp
Cyrus Durst, farmer Harris twp
W H Fisher, mechanic, Philipsburg
George R Mock, butcher Philipsburg
Joseph Grazier, laborer Ferguson twp
Matthias Rider, merchant Ferguson twp
George Hauck, huckster, Rush twp
W H Philips, merchant Haines twp
Wm Bartley, carpenter Walker twp
H N Hoy, teacher Benner twp
J Linn Mattern, farmer Patton twp
H C Williams, editor Philipsburg
James Alexander, Sr., farmer Spring twp

A NATIONAL APPEAL.

The American Protective Tariff League in special and extraordinary session on December 16th, responding to the earnest request of wage earners, unanimously agreed that it was necessary to call upon the press of the United States to urge every patriotic citizen to assist in defeating the proposed Wilson Free Trade Tariff which is now before Congress. If this measure becomes a law, the demand for labor in all productive employments in this country will be decreased. This will reduce the wages and earnings of every man woman or child among us; permanently lower the standard of living in this country and, reduce the purchasing power of our wage earners who constitute the great consuming force in this land.

Every person, rich or poor, high or low, old or young; who is not in favor of lower wages and less comfort in life, should at once write a postal card to the Congressman from his or her district, protesting against the passage of this bill and demanding that the McKinley Tariff be left unchanged. Write a postal card to-day, and urge every friend of yours to do the same. Perhaps, your effort will defeat Free Trade and save Protection.

—For the list of buildings put up in Bellefonte during the past year, and their estimated cost, we are indebted to Mr. Robert Cole, architect. For a large number in the list Mr. Cole drew the plans and his skill and ability as a draughtsman is easily discernible in the improved style of architecture manifest on all these buildings. Mr. Cole is celebrated not alone in Bellefonte, but his abilities are known in all our neighboring counties. During the past year or so he furnished the plans used in the construction of the Brandon House, at Spangler; the First Ward school house, the First National bank building, the Thos. R. Mann residence, the Racket Store building, all of Lock Haven; and the new Blair County bank building at Tyrone. Just now he is hard at work on plans for a handsome residence in Lock Haven. In competition with others Mr. Cole's work is generally preferred, and this is another evidence of the superiority of Bellefonte brains.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

"I Owe my Life to You."

That is a strong statement.

Yet exactly what Miss Gertrude Sickler, of Wilton, N. J., has written to Mrs. Pinkham.

She says:—

"I suffered terribly with suppressed and painful menstruations. Doctors could only keep me from having fits each month by giving me morphine. This continued until I was completely prostrated.

"My father at last got me a bottle of *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*, which at once gave me relief. It did what the doctors could not—cured me. I never have any trouble now, and have no dread of the coming month.

"I owe my life to you. Oh! if other suffering women would try your valuable medicine they would bless you as I do."

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

The Central Railroad of Pennsylvania.

Time Table effective December 18, 1893

Read Down				Read Up
STATIONS.				
No. 1	Dis.		Dis	No. 2
A. M.	Lv.		Ar.	P.M.
6 25	.....	.9....Bellefonte....	27.3	*2 00
6 45	.....	4.3.....f Nigh.....	23.1	1 38
6 57	.....	7.6.....Zion.....	20.3	1 25
6 07	.....	9.2...f Hecla Furn..	18.1	1 12
7 19	.....	12.2...Hublersburg...	15.2	12 59
7 29	.....	14.1..f Snydertown..	13.2	12 48
7 38	.....	15.1.....Nittany.....	12.1	12 41
7 49	.....	16.0.....Huston.....	11.3	12 30
7 45	.....	17.2.....Lamar.....	10.1	12 20
7 57	.....	18.2....Clintondale...	9.1	12 24
7 07	.....	20.3..f Krider's Sta.	7.0	12 13
8 13	.....	22.6...Mackeyville...	4.7	12 04
8 23	.....	24.7..f Cedar Springs	2.6	11 55
8 29	.....	25.2.....Salona.....	2.1	11 50
†8 37	†	27.3.....Mill Hall.....	.0	11 49
A.M.	Ar.		Lv.	A.M.

f Flag station, train stop only on notice to the Conductor, or on signal.
† Daily, except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

At Mill Hall with Beech Creek Railroad, at Jersey Shore with Fall Brook Railway for points in New York State and the West. At Clearfield for all points on the Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburg Railway. At Williamsport with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for points East and South.

TICKETS.

Through tickets to points on above mentioned railroads may be purchased at all stations.

Round trip tickets to Philadelphia and New York good for sixteen days are on sale at all Central Railroad of Pa., offices. Local round trip tickets can also be had at all ticket offices.

Thousand mile tickets, good on Central Railroad of Penna. Beech Creek Railroad, Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg and Philadelphia and Reading Railroad (main line division) may be purchased at ticket offices at $20 each. These tickets when issued to a business firm can be used by its members and employees, if issued to an individual they will be accepted for passage of any member or members of the family. This arrangement practically makes a rate of two cents per mile over all middle and eastern Pennsylvania.

Baggage can be checked through from all regular stations. J. W. GEPHART,
Bellefonte, Pa. General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, April 4th, 1892, trains will run as follows, leaving the Pennsylvania Railroad station.

EASTWARD							WESTWARD					
12	10	8	1	2			1	3	7	9	11	
pm	pm	pm	am	am	Ar—	Lv	am	am	am	pm	pm	
6 35		5 50		9 05	Bellefont	6 30		10 20		4 40		
6 28		5 44		8 59	Coleville	6 37		10 35		4 45		
6 25		5 41		8 56	Morris	6 40		10 38		4 48		
6 22		5 38		8 52	Whitmer	6 44		10 43		4 51		
6 19		5 35		8 49	Linns	6 47		10 46		4 54		
6 17		5 33		8 47	Hunters	6 50		10 48		4 56		
6 14		5 31		8 44	Filmore	6 53		10 52		5 00		
6 11		5 28		8 40	Sellers	6 57		10 56		5 03		
6 09		5 26		8 38	Briarly	7 00		10 58		5 05		
6 05	6 00	5 23	8 25	8 36	Waddle	7 05	7 10	11 01	5 10	5 10		
6 02	5 50	5 20	8 20	8 30	Mattern J	7 08	7 14	11 03	5 13	5 12		
	5 46		8 17		Graysdale	7 19			5 16			
	5 43		8 12		Mattern	7 24			5 20			
	5 40		8 05		Stormstown	7 29			5 23			
	5 35		8 00		Red Bank	7 35			5 30			
6 31		5 08		8 18	Krumr'ne	7 21		11 13		5 24		
6 28		5 05		8 14	Struble	7 24		11 17		5 27		
6 25		5 02		8 10	St. College	7 30		11 20		5 30		

Train 2 connects with trains east and west on B. E. V. R. R. and S. S. branch, and train 8 connects with train east on B. E. V. R. R.
F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

C

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

You

This is the Commercial age and every Young Man and Woman should educate in harmony with the times.

Clark's Business College, Erie, Pa furnishes the best advantages at the lowest cost. A school of national reputation. Graduates assisted to paying business situations. Write for catalogue. Mention this paper.

THE CHRISTY BREAD SLICER

MEN or WOMEN make $10.00 a day selling the "Wonderful Christy Bread Slicer." Write quick for territory. CHRISTY KNIFE CO., Fremont, Ohio.

PATENTS CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt, answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

The only Double Extract Sarsaparilla is Hanners. It's the best because it cures. Take no other. 50cts.

TO HAVE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER. DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Clothes REPAIRED, CLEANSED AND PRESSED.—I have concluded to take up my old trade and am now prepared to do Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing of Clothes at my residence, No. 231 East Lamb street. I solicit a share of patronage and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Work gathered and delivered promptly and charges as low as can possibly be made. A postal card dropped in the mail will receive attention at once.

23 48 tf WILLIAM MCCLELLAN.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Successful where all remedies fail. Ills. book and proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 853 Bdw., N. Y. 14-4t

FREE

$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 100 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

CARMENCITA, the Spanish Dancer,
PADEREWSKI, the Great Pianist,
ADELINA PATTI and
MINNIE SELIGMAN CUTTING.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO
THE NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO.
Broadway Theatre Bldg., New York City.
CANVASSERS WANTED.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Nov. 20, 1893.

STATIONS	Dis	WESTWARD A.M	A.M	P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 35	9 37	4 15
Flemington—f	1.8	4 20	9 41	4 19
Mill Hall	3.0	4 41	9 43	4 21
Beech Creek	8.3	4 52	9 54	4 32
Eagleville—f	9.9	4 55	9 57	4 35
Howard	14.5	5 04	10 06	4 44
Mt. Eagle—f	15.7	5 09	10 12	4 50
Curtin	19.9	5 14	10 16	4 54
Milesburg	23.5	5 22	10 24	5 02
BELLEFONTE	25.2	5 32	10 34	5 12
Milesburg	25.5	5 42	10 44	5 27
Snow Shoe Int	24.3	5 45	10 47	5 30
Unionville	28.5	5 52	10 54	5 37
Julian	32.9	6 01	11 03	5 46
Martha	37.0	6 09	11 11	5 54
Port Matilda	40.4	6 17	11 19	6 02
Hannah—f	43.7	6 25	11 27	6 10
Fowler—f	45.0	6 27	11 29	6 12
Dix—f	46.8	6 30	11 32	6 15
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 36	11 38	6 21
Vail	51.2	6 40	11 42	6 25
East Tyrone	53.0	6 44	11 46	6 29
TYRONE	54.3	6 50	11 52	6 35

STATIONS	Dis	EASTWARD A.M	P. M.	P. M.
TYRONE		8 10	3 19	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 16	3 16	7 31
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 39
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 24	3 24	7 39
Dix—f	8.0	8 30	3 30	7 45
Fowler—f	9.3	8 33	3 33	7 48
Hannah—f	10.5	8 35	3 35	7 50
Port Matilda	13.9	8 42	3 42	7 57
Martha	17.3	8 49	3 49	8 04
Julian	21.4	8 59	3 58	8 13
Unionville	25.8	9 08	4 07	8 22
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 17	4 15	8 30
Milesburg	30.8	9 21	4 18	8 33
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 23	4 28	8 43
Milesburg	30.8	9 46	4 28	8 53
Curtin	34.4	9 55	4 46	9 01
Mt. Eagle—f	36.6	10 00	4 50	9 05
Howard	39.8	10 06	4 16	9 11
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 05	9 20
Beech Creek	45.9	10 18	5 08	9 23
Mill Hall	51.3	10 29	5 18	9 34
Flemington	52.5	10 31	5 21	9 36
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 35	5 25	9 40

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Nov. 20th, 1893

Westward Dis.			Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
P.M	A.M					
4 50	10 00		SCOTIA	25.6	9 20	4 40
5 07	10 19	5.3	Fairbrook	20.3	9 03	4 23
5 19	10 33	8.7	Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 51	4 11
5 25	10 40	10.6	Hostler f	15.0	8 45	4 5
5 31	10 46	12.3	Marengo f	13.3	8 39	3 59
5 35	10 51	13.5	Loreville f	12.1	8 35	3 55
5 41	10 58	15.2	Furnace Rd f	10.4	8 29	3 49
5 44	11 01	15.8	Dungarvin f	9.8	8 26	3 46
5 52	11 19	18.2	Warriors Mark	7.6	8 18	3 38
6 01	11 20	20.5	Pennington	5.4	8 09	3 29
6 12	11 32	23.5	Stover	2.1	7 58	3 18
6 20	11 40	25.6	TYRONE		7 50	3 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY R R.—Time Table in effect Nov 20, 1893

Dis. Westward				Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.	
.0	5.45	1.55	MONTANDON	9.10	4 15	
1.5	6.15	2.08	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	9.00	4 47	
1.5	6.15	2.08	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar	9.00	4 47	
5.4	6.23	2.17	Biehl f	8.52	4.39	
6.8	6.28	2.22	Vicksburg f	8.47	4.35	
10.7	6.37	2.31	MIFFLINBURG	8.38	4.27	
13.1	6.42	2.36	Barber f	8.33	4 22	
15.2	6.47	2.41	Swengle f	8.27	4 17	
16.1	6.50	2.45	Millmont	8.25	4.15	
18.6	6.58	2.51	GLEN IRON	8.17	4 07	
23.6	7.07	3.00	Pardee f	8.08	3.59	
28.9	7.18	3.11	Cherry Run f	7.57	3.48	
32.2	7.27	3.21	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	7.48	3.40	
33.9	7.31	3.25	Ingleby f	7.45	3.37	
36.6	7.38	3.39	Coburn	7.28	3.30	
39.6	7.45	3.37	Zerby f	7.20	3.23	
43.4	7.55	3.47	Rising Springs	7.21	3.14	
46.2	8.02	3.53	Penn's Cave f	7.14	3.07	
49.2	8.09	4.01	CENTRE HALL	7.06	3.01	
51.6	8.16	4.07	Gregg f	7.00	2.54	
54.6	8.23	4.13	Linden Hall	6.52	2 47	
56.7	8.29	4.18	OAK HALL	6.47	2 42	
58.3	8.32	4.22	LEMONT	6.43	2 37	
60.2	8.37	4.27	Dale Summit f	6.38	2 33	
63.9	8.47	4.37	Pleasant Gap f	6.28	2 23	
65.2	8.50	4.40	Axeman f	6.25	2 29	
67.4	8.55	4.45	BELLEFONTE	6.20	2.1	

For rates, maps, etc., call on ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt. P. A. W. D., 119 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.
S. M. PREVOST, J. R. WOOD,
Gen'l Manager. Gen. Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 20th, 1893.

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Phila daily		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg "		3 35 a m
" " William'port "		7 10 a m
" " Jersey Shore "		7 31 a m
" " Lock Haven "		7 55 a m
" " Renovo "		8 55 a m
" arrives Erie "		3 40 p m
NIAGRA EX. l'ves Phila week d'ys		8 50 a m
" " Harrisburg "		12 10 p m
" arrives at Wmsport "		3 00 p m
" " Lock Haven "		4 10 p m
" " Renovo "		5 15 p m
" " Kane "		9 20 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 45 p m
FAST LINE leaves Phila. week days		2 25 p m
" " Harrisburg "		8 55 p m
" " Williamsport "		7 10 p m
" arrives at Lock Haven "		8 07 p m
" " Renovo "		9 00 p m
NEWS EX. l'ves Philadelphia daily		4 30 a m
" " Harrisburg		8 15 a m
" " Williamsport		11 20 a m
" " arrives at Lock Haven		12 15 p m
Wms'port Ex. l'ves Phila. week days		4 40 p m
" " Harrisburg		7 55 p m
" " arrive Williamsport		10 40 p m
Rochester Exp. leaves Phila. w'k d's		8 50 p m
" " Harris'g		12 01 a m
" " arrives Williamsp't		2 55 a m
Williamsp't " leaves Phila. Sun. only		4 25 p m
" " Harrisb'g		7 55 p m
" " arrives Williamsp't		10 40 p m
EASTWARD.		

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cts per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

OLD 1893 IN RETROSPECT.

What Has Come to Pass During the Past Twelve Months.

Last Saturday evening we will all bid adieu to the year 1893, a year that has wrought many changes in many ways. A year that will be remembered the world over because of the great World's Fair; a year of wreck and disaster, on land and sea, by fire, water and accident: a year of volcanic eruption in national politics; a year of financial depression and consequent hard times, a year that will make a page in history that will be read with interest by generation after generation.

But what has it been in Bellefonte? Here we have also tasted of the cup of bitterness of business depression. Our two large furnaces both closed down and idle; our various business industries dragging along in a state of half activity and the mercantile interests depressed accordingly. But it has not been an altogether black page. For in this year the Central Pennsylvania railroad was laid out and built; the Bellefonte Board of Trade was organized, various other smaller businesses have been started and, thorugh their very distress, our people have been brought nearer to each other and a more general brotherhood established. It is such times as these that plainly show how utterly dependent we are on one another and how, by extending the right hand of fellowship, aid and love, this world can be made happier and better. During the past year the building interests in Bellefonte have been small in comparison with some other years, and yet the spirit of progression has not been idle. Altogether it is safe to say that at the least calculation fifty thousand dollars or more have been spent in building and improvements, and the list sums up as follows:

A large and commodious combination stone and brick house on Bishop street, built by Father McArdle for his own use, which cannot have cost less than $5,000. This will be a valuable improvement to not only the church property, but also to that part of Bellefonte, and Rev. McArdle deserves great credit for his energy and push in the erection of this residence.

A large brick house on East Linn street by John C. Miller, cost $4,000.

A large brick house on East High street by H. Y. Stitzer, cost $4,000.

A combination brick and frame dwelling on Spring street by W. C. Storm, cost $3,000.

Improvements and additions to Senator Meek's residence on High street, cost $3,000.

Frame dwelling on Thomas street by James Barnhart, cost $3,000.

Two frame dwellings on East Bishop street, cost $4,500.

Completion of the new Lutheran church on Linn and Allegheny streets, cost $3,000.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds' brown stone stable, cost $5,000.

Addition to Edison Electric Light station cost $2,000.

Coal shed of Bellefonte Fuel & Supply company, cost $3,000.

Freight station of the C. R. R. of Pa., cost $1,500. Engine house of same, $1,200.

Remodeling of Reformed church, various porches and other improvements to residences in Bellefonte would foot up an expenditure of not less than $5,000.

From the above it can be seen that our people have not been idle. That men who have had the money have spent it in a way that done good to our laboring men and our business men, and at the same time has improved the town. And now as the year closes, although the present business status is dark and gloomy, there is a promise of a revival of business early in 1894, and a new creation of things for Bellefonte that bids all be hopeful of more prosperous times than we have witnessed for a number of years. May the year 1894 be a blessing to all and everyone.

KINDLY REMEMBERED.

On Tuesday Frank Hammer and Ira Crawford, Esqs., of Corning, N. Y., and George D. Kennedy, of Jersey Shore, a committee representing the trainmen on the Fall Brook branch of the New York Central railroad, came to Bellefonte, hunted up the Central railroad office, and there presented Mr. John I. Walsh, train dispatcher, with a handsome gold watch and fob chain, the gift of the employees of the Fall Brook, for which road Mr. Walsh had been assistant dispatcher prior to his coming to Bellefonte. The gift was an honorable recognition of the merit of a most worth man.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The Number Issued Since the Law Went Into Effect.

The following marriage licenses were granted by the Register of Centre county during the past week:

Fearon Hughes, of Axe Mann, and Bella Sheffler, of Bellefonte.

Otto B. McCoy and Ida M. Yarnell, both of Boggs township.

I. N. Gibson and Lyda R. Thomas, both of Bellefonte.

Charles B. Wagner and Sadie DeHaas, both of Liberty township.

J. A. N. Wolfe, of St. Louis, Mo., and Jennie Bare, of Rebersburg.

Robert B. Montgomery, of Bellefonte, and Maggie R. Kane, of Axe Mann.

Andrew Falaturk and Annie Hadock, both of Spring township.

It is now eight years and more since the marriage license law went into effect and during that time there has been granted in Centre county a total of 2788 licenses up to January 1, 1894, an average of something over three hundred per year. The law went into effect October 1, 1885, and the first license granted was on the 9th of October. From that time up to January 1, 1886, just 54 had been issued. The number granted by years to date is as follows:

For year ending Jan. 1.	1886	54
" " "	1887	271
" " "	1888	364
" " "	1789	345
" " "	1890	355
" " "	1891	343
" " "	1892	328
" " "	1893	355
" " "	1894	373
Total number granted		2788

From the above it will be seen that the largest number granted for any one year was during the year 1893, while the smallest number was the first year the law was in effect, 1886. During Register John A. Rupp's six year's term of office, from January 1, 1888, to Jan. 1, 1894, he granted 2099 licenses, thus making 4198 souls either happy or miserable. As the fee for a license is 50 cents without the filing of a consent; one dollar when one consent is filed, or $1.50 when the consent of both parties' parents is filed, it is easily to see that the money paid out for just the privilege to get married is no little sum. It is safe to say that not less than fifteen hundred dollars have thus been paid over in Centre county alone. Imagine from this, if you please, what the revenue from this source must be throughout the entire state of Pennsylvania.

PUT UP AND PUT DOWN.

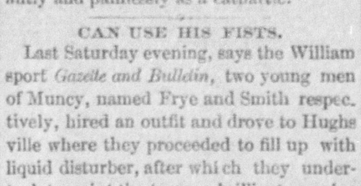
I want a word to rhyme with this,
I have it now: I'll put down pills.
Excuse me, though—than put down pills,
I'd rather suffer some big ills.

To put down the old-fashioned, huge, bitter pills, that griped so and made such disturbance interally is more than a wise man will do. He will not put up with such unnecessary suffering. He uses Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. As a Liver Pill, they are unequaled. Smallest, cheapest, easiest to take. Put up in vials hermetically sealed, hence always fresh and reliable, which is not true of the large pills in wood or paste board boxes. As a gentle laxative, only one Pellet for a dose. Three to four of these tiny, sugar-coated granules act pleasantly and painlessly as a cathartic.

CAN USE HIS FISTS.

Last Saturday evening, says the William sport *Gazelle and Bulletin*, two young men of Muncy, named Frye and Smith respectively, hired an outfit and drove to Hughsville where they proceeded to fill up with liquid disturber, after which they undertook to paint the town a brilliant carmine hue. They drove about insulting persons they met and daring them to fight. Finally they met Rev. George W Glenn, a Methodist minister, whom they first abused by words and then assaulted with a whip, injuring him about the head and face. Recovering from the first shock, the preacher, who is a very muscular man, surprised his assailants by wading into them in such vigorous style that they were soon glad to cry enough. In the meantime the constable who was on their track had come up, and one of the toughs was arrested, the other escaping with the team. The prisoner broke jail in the night. On Monday, warrants were sworn out for their arrest, and the minister will prosecute them to the full extent of the law.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures



Mrs. C. H. Titus

"Every Dose Helps Me

When I take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I think it the best medicine for the blood. My six-year-old boy had sores on his feet, caused by POISON IVY. They became so large and painful he could not wear his shoes. A week after I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla the sores began to heal up and disappear, and when he had taken two bottles he was entirely cured." Mrs. C. H. Titus, South Gibson, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

DROVE IN AN ORE SHAFT.

The Experience of a Tyroner While Driving in Centre County.

Last Friday afternoon, says the Tyrone *Herald*, Dr. A. R. Markle went on a visit to his home at Pine Grove Mills, Centre county, and drove around by the way of Stormstown where his brother resides. The bad condition of the roads made travelling slow. Having business over at Pine Grove his brother drove along over from his place in his own buggy.

The two left his place at five o'clock in the afternoon, and by the time they reached "The Barrens" it was dark, and as the road winds around in many different directions through the woods amongst ore-shafts, or drafts, and conscious of the danger of driving into any of these which in many places come close to the road, they called out the only farmer or resident along the route and wanted either to borrow or buy a lantern from him; but he would not grant either favor. His name is withheld because of the depraved and niggardly meanness of the excuse he made, also because he is said to be already over burdened with an unenviable reputation for sordidness.

They drove on in the uncertain darkness. Mr. Markle led the way because he had better knowledge of the winding roads and drove a horse that could be trusted. They got over a mile and a half of the road and were within sight of Scotia when, at a turn in the road Mr. Markle drove over an enbankment thirty-five feet high into an abandoned shaft into which his horse and buggy rolled over and over, until they reached the bottom, when the horse, frightened by his tumble ran down through the ore bank until fortunately the mud on one of the wheels carried the lines over and wound them around the axle, until it stopped the horse. The soft muddy condition of the sloping bank is all that enabled the horse to go down and escape with only a few small scratches, and the buggy to come out with only a broken shaft and a few other small breaks. The driver jumped out of the buggy just as it went down over the edge of the bank and thus saved himself from a very dangerous fall. They obtained help and light from persons near the accident and in about an hour they were on their way again with two horses but only one buggy, although everything else was safe; they were kindly piloted out of danger, and then secured a lantern at the store at Scotia, which put them out of danger of a repetition of the experience just obtained.

After they left Scotia, all went well and they reached home safe at ten o'clock; but it required five hours to drive the twelve miles.

AN AGED CITIZEN GONE.

John Kinch, justice of the peace, died at his home at Franklinville at 4 o'clock Tuesday morning, after an illness of two weeks, of pneumonia. He was aged 62 years and 11 months. Mr. Kinch has resided in Franklinville for about thirty-five years. By trade he was a blacksmith and for forty-five years he had been engaged at that occupation. He leaves a wide circle of relatives and friends by whom he was held in the highest esteem. A member of the Lutheran church for over thirty-five years, he was a faithful Christian and passed away in the implicit hope of the reward of the righteous.

Deceased was married to Miss Angelina Ginter by whom he is survived, with the following children: Mrs. M. K. Houser, of Altoona; Mrs. F. Geist, of Pennsylvania Furnace; Mrs. W. H. Brown, Jennie, Ellen and David C., of Franklinville; and Mrs. W. Fa Partchey, of Graysville. Four brothers and three sisters also survive him: Ex-Mayor David Kinch, ex Chief of Police Daniel Kinch and B. F. Kinch, of Altoona; Henry Kinch, of Warriorsmark; Mrs. Newton Zentmyer, of Franklinville; Mrs. A. H. Waring, of Philipsburg; and Mrs. Edmund Keatley, of Huntingdon Furnace.

The funeral will take place at 11 o'clock Thursday morning. Interment in the Lutheran cemetery at Seven Stars.

JUDGE GORDON SWORN IN.

CLEARFIELD, Jan. 2.—Hon. Cyrus Gordon was yesterday afternoon sworn in and received his commission as President Judge of Clearfield county. After the oath and the reading of the commission from Governor Pattison, Judge Gordon received the congratulations of the members of the bar. His inaugural address was brief and bore entirely upon the license question, which is before him this week. He said there are too many licensed houses already, and the old established hotels would receive first consideration and preference. All new applications must show clearly the necessity for license in the places from which they come.

Judge Gordon was elected on the Republican ticket last fall by nearly 400 plurality. He is a young man of about 46, a sound Republican, a member of the Presbyterian church, and a man of sterling qualities and excellent habits, and no doubt will fill the position with honor and justice.

THE QUEEN OF FASHION.

Best Fashion Journal published. Issued monthly, only 50 cents a year, post-paid-worth $4.00. Mail five 2-cent stamps for a copy and be convinced, to J H RUSSOR & Co., Publishers, Union Square, N Y.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

On Monday the Supreme Court at Philadelphia issued their bulletin of business for the coming sitting in Philadelphia. Cases from Centre, Blair, Clearfield and Huntingdon will be heard during the week commencing April 16th. Cases for trial must be filed on the argument list not later than March 27th. Centre county attorneys will do well to take notice.

THE QUESTION OF THE FOUR.

Every Person is Interested Now In Making The Dollars go Far.

"Take care of the pence and the pounds will take care of themselves," is a maxium that is peculiarly applicable to these hard times. Astefulness at all times is foolish; it is worse than that now when thousands are suffering for lack of the necessaries of life.

THE PITTSBURG TIMES is an object lesson in proper economy. It presents one of the chief necessities of life all the news at the lowest possible cost. Notwithstanding the fact the THE PITTSBURG TIMES is sold for only one cent a day, the claim is made for it that is the most complete newspaper printed in Pittsburg; that every occurrence of human interest in every part of the globe is promptly reported in its columns; that it is essentially a paper for the home, everything of an objectionable character being excluded; that it is the only paper in Pittsburg whose market reports are reliable and revised every day in the week; that it is the only Pittsburg newspaper which prints daily a carefully prepared department for the ladies, and once a week a report; prepared by experts, of specia interest to agricultural readers; and, finally, it is the only Pittsburg newspaper which prints daily the highest class of fiction.

In addition to all this, THE TIMES offers to all its readers at a nominal cost the opportunity of securing one of the highest class magazines printed in the country, and to the ladies their choice during the year 1894, of twelve of the most approved paper patterns, with privilege of selecting from a list of 50,000. Send for a sample copy of THE TIMES, which will be mailed you free and see how their promises are fulfilled. If there is no agent for THE TIMES in your locality profitable business can be established by writing for the agency.

WHEN WAR IS DECLARED

Against a man's happiness by his stomach, the enemy may be pacified and brought speedily and easily to terms. That potent regulator of digestion, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, disciplines the rebellious organ thoroughly. Indigestion arises from weakness of the stomach, and the food in it, for want of the power to digest, decomposes and acidfies, giving rise to heartburn, flatulence and pain, besides a multitude of symptoms both changeful and perplexing. But peace soon reigns when the great stomachic is resorted to and used with persistence. Dyspepsia gives rise to morbid discomposure of mind, and even sleepless ness and hypochondria in chronic cases. To the complete dismissal of these the Bitters is fully adequate. Liver complaint, constipation, debility, rheumatism and malaria are completely subdued by this genial medicine.

STILL RAVING.

MEDIA, Pa., January 2.—Friends of Professor Shortlidge, who shot and killed his wife on Sunday, to-day appealed to Judge Clayton to appoint a commission of insanity to examine into the unfortunate man's mental condition. As Judge Clayton was busy he made no decision upon the application. Professor Shortlidge's mental soundness was more pronounced to-day than at any time since the shooting. He raved incessantly and tore at the bars of the door continually and at the same time he kept up a crying and a moaning that was piteous to hear. A constant guard is kept over him to prevent him doing himself any harm.

THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE publishes all the news, and what you see in it you can believe. It publishes facts not fakes. If you want to keep correctly informed about affairs of the world in general and those of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Northern West Virginia to particular, read the PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

To all whom it may concern.—A sprain of the wrist or ankles is not an uncommon occurrence. It is well to know that a few applications of Salvation Oil well rubbed in will invariably produce the desired result—an entire cure. 25c.

HAVE YOU READ
THE TIMES.
PHILADELPHIA
THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper. THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $8,00 per annum; $1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—164 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2,00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 60 cents per annum.

Address all letters to

THE TIMES
PHILADELPHIA.

ST. JACOBS OIL
CURES PROMPTLY
LAMENESS, * * SWELLINGS, BACK-ACHE, SORENESS.
SOOTHES, SUBDUES, CURES.

AN IMMENSE LINE OF LITTLE BOYS' SUITS

1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and 2.50, all new, good-wearing goods.

An immense line of boys' cheviots, double-breasted and single-breasted, navy blue, black brown, mixed, gray-mixed, the very latest patterns and makes, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 and 12.00.

Boys' Overcoats from 1.50 to 10.00.

An immense line of men's cheviots, double- and single-breasted, for six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen and fifteen dollars.

The greatest line of boy's and men's cheap suits; boy's suits, 2.50 up. Men's suits, 3.50 up.

The finest line of ladies coats in this part of the State. Prices three, four, five, six, eight, ten, twelve and eighteen dollars; the very latest patterns, the best makes. Elegant shape, and the best fitting goods you can find anywhere.

We can suit you, no matter how particular you are. We have black beaver, navy blue beaver, tan and light.

Children's coats for 1.25, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 5.00, 5.50 and 6.00, fifty different styles.

Dress Goods, as large a line as you will find anywhere in the city. Double-width cloth, for 30 cents up. Broad cloth, 75 cents to 1.50. 54 inch Serges at 50 cents per yard, never before sold for less than 90 cents.

LYON & CO

11-13-1m

GRATEFUL COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps provided for our breakfast and suppera delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette*. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Grocers labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EDWARD K. RHOADS,

At his Yard near the Passenger Station, sells only

THE BEST QUALITIES

OF

Anthracite, Bituminous & Woodland

C O A L

Also, All kinds of

Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, Wood, Etc.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builders' and Plasterers' Sand.

The Royal STOCK FOOD,

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.

TELEPHONE 1312. 11-6-1m

WANTED.—I desire a position in a Mill or Factory, or as Clerk in a store. Good reference given, apply to Box 42.
Cataract, Pa.
d 27-2w.

A DIVIDEND PAYER.
The Gold Dollar Mining Company
OF CRIPPLE CREEK, COLORADO.
Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar each.
FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.
150,000 Shares in Treasury.

The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.

Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.

In January, 1894, the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 2400 per annum on the amount invested.
H H OFFICER, Sec. and Treas.

A limited amount of the shares are now offered
AT 50 CENTS PER SHARE.
Stock, Prospectus and experts report may be obtained from the banking house of
H R LOUNSBERY, 57 Broadway, N. Y.

CHATTERBOX.

THE KING OF JUVENILES. No book has ever been made for young people which compares in value, or has had one-tenth the sale of this great annual. Millions of copies have been sold. The new volume for 1893—4 is just ready, and has over 200 large and entirely new pictures, several new stories, (each a book in itself), and hundreds of short stories, anecdote, etc., The best Xmas present possible for boys and girls of all ages. Order from your bookseller or of us.
ESTES & LAURIAT, PUBLISHERS BOSTON

STRAYED—Came upon the premises of the subscriber, in Moshanon, Snow Shoe township, Centre Co., Pa., on or about the first of June, 1893 a red and white Bull, one and one half years old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

PATRICK WARD
Moshanon,
Centre Co., Pa.
No. 1-3t.

CAUTION NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to meddle with a Cupboard, 6 chairs rocking chair, bureau, Home Comfort Range and furniture, 2 beds and bedding, table, lot of dishes, lamp, Clock and all personal property, now in possession of Isaac Lauver, as the same are my property and are left with said Isaac Lauver on lease only and subject to my order at any time.
C. K. ESSINGTON
Milesburg.
No. 1-3t.

CAUTION NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to meddle with a team of horses, consisting of one bay horse, about eight years old, and one sorrel horse about five years old; also one set of double harness, and one two horse wagon, with wagonbed and spring seat, now in the possession of Harry Kunes, as the same are my property, and are left with said Harry Kunes on lease only, and subject to my order at any time.
ADAM WAY,
Curwensville, Pa.
Dec. 11th, 1893. Vol. 24 No. 49—3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Albina Hicklen, late of Union township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
WILLIAM P. FISHER,
Fleming, Pa.
50—6
Unionville, Dec 26, 1893.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, the 26th day of December [illegible] James A. Beaver, John W. Stuart, [illegible] Frear, James H. Potter, S. M. Buck, G. [illegible] Potter, and others, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Provide [illegible] corporation and regulation of [illegible] porations," approved April 20th [illegible] supplements thereto, for the Charter intended Corporation to be called "[illegible] sity Hotel Company," the object of which is the establishment [illegible] tenance of an hotel in the [illegible] lege, Centre County Penn [illegible] these purposes to have, possess [illegible] the rights, benefits and privileges [illegible] of Assembly and the supplements [illegible]
N 30-3t.

WANTED 3000,000 Positions

For the Unemployed. The Life-time for MALE and FEMALE paying and permanent positions. Information FREE. For full [illegible] address W S BURKHART [illegible]

ERRORS of [illegible] and Obscure Diseases speedily cured by the celebrated specialist DR. LOBB. No deception, no false representations, you positively and make a speedy cure. Treatment by mail a specialty. Send 4c. in stamps for book on HOME [illegible]

TO-MORROW THE TIME.

Jacksonville Argument Postponed to Give the Governor a Chance.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 1.—The application for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Mitchell and Corbett will be argued Wednesday instead of to-morrow. The postponement is to give the governor more time to file instructions, if he has any. The Athletic club is very sanguine to-day of pulling off the fight. Lawyers say that it will be impossible for the governor to declare martial law after the courts have decided that no law is to be violated, unless he assumed the arbitrary powers of a dictator. It is their opinion that he would hardly do that. Lawyers add that the requisition for Mitchell from Mississippi on account of his part in the Richburg affair will not issue; that it cannot because the statute of limitation preclude any proceeding at this late day.

Steve O'Donnell and Jim Hall, who assist in training Mitchell, passed through Jacksonville to-day en route to St. Augustine, where the Englishman is quartered. Fred Tarel, the well-known jockey, also arrived.

Gov. Mitchell passed through Jacksonville this morning en route to Tallahassa, the state capital, but while here he dropped no hint as to how he proposes to stop the fight if Judge Call decides that glove contests are not illegal in this state. There was a story current in sporting circles today that the managers of the athletic club had inside information that the governor would look to Sheriff Broward of this county to stop the fight, and if he failed would suspend him from office. The story is of a piece with others floating around. The truth is, everything is uncertain, for nobody knows what Gov. Mitchell will do save the governor himself, and he is not divulging his plans.

ASSAULTED BY THEIR SON.

LAUREL, Del., Dec. 31.—Thomas Dunn, an aged and prominent farmer, near Laurel, and his wife, lie dying as a result of a brutal assault made upon them Friday night, by their eldest son, Merrill. Four years ago Merrill threatened the life of a neighbor, and when a constable's posse tried to effect his arrest he held them at bay for two days, with a shot gun. Friends in order to prevent bloodshed induced him to surrender. He spent several days in jail for this, being bailed out by his father.

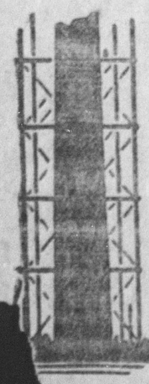
Friday night the aged couple and would be parricade were sitting around the fireside conversing pleasantly, when suddenly, Merrill, without apparent cause, rushed out and returned with a huge club and proceeded to murderously belabor his father. The first blow knocked the old man to the floor. This was followed by breaking the arm, the arm which was uplifted as the father pleaded for mercy.

The mother rushed frantically upon Merrill, pleading with him to "spare the life of poor pa," but the only reply was in the form of curses and blows. Realizing that his father was insensible, he turned upon the defenseless woman, dealing blow after blow upon her.

Two younger brothers, who were at a neighbor's, were attracted home by the screams. The frenzied man turned upon them, but was overpowered. He escaped while the young men were caring for their wounded parents. He is believed to have committed suicide.

VALUE OF A WIFE'S AFFECTIONS.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Dec. 31.—A sensation was created here yesterday by the announcement that Edward M. Pretzel, a manufacturer of this city, had been sued for $3,000 damages by C. W. Lapp, a West Bethlehem storekeeper. It appears that Dapp accuses Pretzel of dallying with the heart of Mrs. Lapp to such a decree that she no longer entertains for her husband the customary wifely affection. Lapp's store was seized by the sheriff on an execution for $1,240 entered by his father.



TO BUILD UP both the flesh and the strength of pale, puny, scrofulous children, get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's the best thing known for a wasted body and a weakened system. It thoroughly purifies the blood, enriches it, and makes effective every natural means of cleansing, repairing, and ...hing the system. In recover... "La Grippe," pneumonia, ... other debilitating diseases, ...n equal it as an appetizing, ...tonic to bring back health ... Cures nervous and gen...

...rid your blood of the ...sons that make it easy ...fasten its hold.

...ery" is the only blood-...sh-builder, and strength-... thorough in its effects ...n be *guaranteed*. If it ...efit or cure, in every case, ...ur money back.

If you're suffering from Catarrh, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy ask you to try their medicine. Then, if you can't be cured, they'll ...a cash.

RHYME WITH REASON.

To guess the number, who would dare to?
Of all the ills that flesh is heir to.
To bear the half you could not bear to;
And lovely woman has her share, too;
She'd have some less if she'd repair to

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. For "run-down," debilitated and overworked women, it is the best of all restorative tonics. A potent specific for all those chronic weaknesses and diseases peculiar to women; a powerful, general, as well as utterine, tonic and nervine. It imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of the stomach, nausea, indigestion, bloating, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. It is carefully compounded by an experienced physician and adapted to woman's delicate organization. Purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. The only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee of satisfaction in every case, or price ($1.00) refunded.

RECOILED AGAINST STRIKERS.

EASTON, Pa., Dec. 31.—An episode Friday night has recoiled against the strikers on the Lehigh Valley railroad. About midnight a number of Lehigh Valley strikers who were standing near their headquarters were ordered away by Deputy Sheriff R. Mack, of Bethlehem, who has been doing duty for the company since the strike. The strikers refused to move. Some one threw a stone at Mack, who pulled out his revolver and fired into the crowd. Fortunately no one was hurt.

Ever since the strike on the Lehigh Valley road threats have been made against the new men employed, and frequent complaints of intimidation were made.

An order was issued by the Lehigh company, Saturday afternoon, that no more of the old employees would be reemployed It was looked upon as a joke at first, but it proved to be otherwise. The old men, of whom there are over 200 on the two divisions, feel badly. A company official said it was only a temporary order, but, so long as there were assaults or intimidation by strikers, the probabilities were the order would continue in force.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever, nine cases of ten are caused by catarrah, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F J CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CORBETT WORKING TOO HARD.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A special from Jacksonville, Fla., to Daily America says: "Jim Corbett has been working too hard and is over-trained. This fact was made known yesterday when Billy Delaney put his official foot down on a proposal of the champion to take a long run down the sandy beach. It was decided last evening that he shall take a four days' loaf. Corbett shows that he is stale in every move and every facial token. Not that there is anything serious the matter, but he and indisposition have hitherto been strangers and he cannot understand it. There is no doubt a few days' rest will make him right again. Corbett himself attributes it to the warm, humid weather, and takes comfort in the belief that the climate will affect Mitchell in a greater degree."

For colds and cough it has no equal. Mr A P Jespersen, Irvine, Warren Co., Pa., writes: "I bought a bottle of Dr Bull's Cough Syrup and can recommend it highly. I had a very bad cold and it cured me at once."

ANOTHER JUDICIAL POSITION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31.—Judge Lochren, commissioner of pensions, will again assume a judicial function ere half of the term of the present administration has expired. He will be appointed United States circuit judge when Judge Nelson, of St. Paul, retires under the law which places a United States judge on the retired list with full play at the age of 70 years. One evening last week Secretary Hoke Smith gave a dinner to the heads of departments under his supervision. Lochren was present, and it is reported he was felicitated over his coming appointment.

The slave to Tobacco or Opinum need no longer despise himself for his weakness Hill's Chloride of Gold Tablets will break his chains and make him a free man. All druggists sell them.

IN A STATE OF ERUPTION.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 31.—The volcano on Popecatapetl has been in eruption for several days. A smoky glare has been discernible from this city with frequent flashes of light. The eruption is unusually violent. The volcano at its crater is a sea of fire, which is visible for a great distance. A tourist party, which is now believed to be near the summit, is in great danger. The fate of the workmen in the sulphur mines at the foot of the old crater is also the subject of much concern.

Keep the blood pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you decide to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be persuaded to take any other.

NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION.

At the Young Men's Christian Association Monday Night.

What an interest has been awakened among the young men of Bellefonte in that most worthy of organizations, the Young Men's Christian Association. Only a few months ago the association was stagnant almost to death. Now it is filled with life, overflowing with interest and on a broad road of progression onward and upward. When Secretary Cota came to Bellefonte he at once began to systematize things and out of what, at that time was nothing but confusion, he has created a systematic regulation and unbounded enthusiasm. Every opportunity is taken advantage of to get as many of the young men as possible together, and to give them an evening of rare entertainment.

With this purpose in view Secretary Cota conceived the idea of holding a New Year's reception. With him to conceive is to put into execution and he at once went to work on the project and how well he succeeded can will be attested to by all those who were present Monday evening, and the number was in the hundreds.

On going there the first person the visitor met was genial, whole souled Robert Irvin, who gave you such a grasp and handshake of welcome as to leave no doubt of its sincerity. Then Thos. Beaver gave each a card of welcome and invited all to step upstairs. Here every one was taken in hand by Secretary Cota and after another welcome, shown to a comfortable seat where they had time and opportunity to take in the superb decorations of the room. Festoons of bunting, draped flags, japanese lanterns, etc., were used in such profusion as to make the effect restful aud pleasing.

It was about eight o'clock when a choir composed of James R. Hughes, H. C. Quigley, Mr. Johnston, Geo, Bayard and others, with Lee Woodcock at the organ began the entertainment part with the rendition of a selection of choice college and war songs. It was needless to say this part was greatly enjoyed. Then that inimitable talker, D. F. Fortney, Esq., was introduced and for one half hour, or longer, he entertained the large crowd present by relating numberless personal army experiences, incidents of the various phases of a soldier's life, numorous anecdotes, thrilling episodes, etc., until it almost made one wish he had been there, too.

Following Mr. Fortney Mr. Thomas Orbison recited a humorous get-up on the battle of Gettysburg. Tom's personal make-up, the make-up of his "tale of war," and the extremely ludricous way in which the piece was spoken, created unbounded amusement. At the conclusion of Mr. Orbison's recitation—that is, as soon as those present could stop laughing—General Curtin was introduced and he told a number of war stories.

At the conclusiod of this part of the program everybody present was invited into the rear room and here steaming-hot coffee and sandwiches, which had been prepared by a number of ladies, were served to all after which, with a genial goodnight everybody departed for their homes, feeling the good that can be done through the influence and work of a flourishing Young Men's Christian Associatien.

IN PLAIN ENGLISH! Unquestionably considered of incalculable consequence in correcting all contaminations, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Can conscientiously commend it to careful consideration, confident of its competency in all controllable chronic complaints.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the result of much research and wide experience, by a practical physician of world-renown; its formula embraces the most potent restoratives of the whole vegetable kingdom. It is especially recommended for all blood disordes-dispepsia, liver and kidney complaints, scrofula, salt-rheum, catarrh and consumption—in its early stages—incuring relief and cure in all cases!

HUNGARIANS ON A RACKET.

Monday evening about eight o'clock, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Garbrick, of Coleville started to come to Bellefonte by way of the path over Halfmoon hill. When in the vicinity of the houses near the reservoir, they were surrounded and attacked by a gang of drunken Hungarians. Mr. Garbrick fought them off until he hurt his arm, then he was compelled to run. In the meantime Mrs. Garbrick had taken refuge in a neighbor's house. When Phil ran he went back to Coleville and routed out the band boys, a crowd of whom went up and for a while Hungarian beef was like a New York stock market—all ups and downs, but mostly downs. Finally, the boys, getting too much work for the fun there was in it retreated, and Garbrick came to Bellefonte and notified policeman Garis.

Policeman Garis in turn notified Sheriff Condo. The Sheriff gathered up a posse, among whom was ex-sheriff Dunkle, and with Jacob Marks as interpreter, went out to the scene of the disturbance, but by this time the Huns were all quiet and as sleepy and meek as lambs. It appears that the swarthy gentlemen had been imbibing pretty freely of beer during the day and when night came on started a fight among themselves. This got them in good trim to tackle everybody that came along. Of course, as there was no trouble when the sheriff and his posse arrived on the scene no arrests were made.

Sheriff John P. Condo has deputized ex-sheriff Thomas J. Dunkle to act as deputy sheriff. As Mr. J. Calvin Weaver, of the "lower end," was regularly appointed and sworn in a deputy sheriff, there are now three officials doing business in the Sheriff's office. It is rumored that Sheriff Condo may retain both men permanently so that he can make occasional trips "on the road" as a commercial traveler, the business he has followed for years.

POINTED TO COUGHLIN.

Milkman Mertes Contributes a Dramatic Sensation.

CHICAGO, Jan 2.—Judge Tuthill overruled to-day the objections of the defense to the admission of testimony regarding the alleged conspirators other than Coughlin. Milkman Mertes, brought here from Wisconsin, was on the stand. He said he saw Coughlin and Kunz on May 4, 1889, drive up to the Carlson cottage. Mertes' testimony was much like that in the former trial. He identified Coughlin by dramatically pointing to him.

During the cross-examination of Mertes the witness maintained the truth of his testimony, but admitted that he had told Judge Wing when not on the stand "a pack of lies." He carefully admitted that he had lied to Judge Wing at the time and said he was afraid to tell the truth for fear he would be injured. He said he did not feel constrained to tell the truth when not under oath, and said that he had lied when he told Attorneys Wing and Forest that it was raining on the night of May 4.

Edward F. Price, a new witness, testified to having been present when the body was found in the catch-basin, and Charles Carlson, son of the owners of the Carlson cottage, repeated the testimony given at the former trial. He told of the renting of the cottage by Martin Burke, as previously described by Mr. and Mrs. Carlson.

During the afternoon a report spread that one of the jurors is a close friend of the prisoner, notwithstanding the juror's declaration to the contrary when examined. Detectives have, it is said, been put to work on the matter.

CUTTING DOWN SALARIES.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., January 2.—The oath of office was yesterday evening administered to the newly elected county officials.

The first official act of the county commissioners, immediately after organization, has caused some comment. It was the reduction of the salaries of the commissioners' clerk and court house janitor. Heretofore, clerks have been receiving an annual salary of $1,200, but B. F. Godard, the new appointee, will get just half that amount, while the janitor's salary has been reduced $10 per month. The commissioners will also make an effort to reduce the commissions of the county treasurer one-half, or sufficient to make his annual income about $1,500. Now the treasurer's office is the fattest berth in the county and an incumbent rarely fails to make at least $3,000 a year.

SULLEN AND SILENT.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—When breakfast was served to Prendergast yesterday he was asked if he wanted coffee. "No!" he said crossly. Two hours later the condemned man demanded that Clerk Ben Price be sent for. When Mr. Price appeared Prendergast complained that he had not had any coffee. "Well, I understand that you refused coffee when it was offered you this morning," said Mr. Price. "Well, I want it now," replied Prendergast. Prendergast retired to the remotest corner of his cell, silent and sullen. He has grown more cross each day since his conviction and removal to murderer's row.

LETTER LIST

Following are the letters uncalled for in the post-office, Bellefonte, Pa., Jan. 2, 1894.

Mrs. Alice Hull, Jennie K. Lutz, James Mackey, John Noland, S. S. Ramsey, Eugene Stabell, W. H. Smith, Margaret Towner, Lewelen Vealor, Wm. Woodward.

When called for please say advertised.

J. A. FIEDLER P. M.

—The meeting this year of the Central Pennsylvania Band Tournament Association will be held in Dubois during the month of June. So far as we have heard none of the Bellefonte bands (?) have as yet made arrangments to attend.

Bellefonte Markets.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 60
Mixed wheat per bushel	60
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	43
Oats	25
Barley	48
Cloverseed, fair to good	5 00
do prime and extra prime	6.50
do choice	7 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	4.00
Flour, wholesale	3 40
Hay choice mixed, per ton	10.00
" prime timothy " "	11.00
" choice " " "	12.00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Green apples, per bushel	80
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10 — 13
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	15
Country Hams, per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	13
Breakfast Bacon	17
Country Bacon	13
Lard, leaf, per pound	15
Lard, country, per pound	15
Eggs, per dozen	20
Potatoes, per bushel	80
Dried Beef	25
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	12½
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½
Canned Corn, per can	10—15
Lemons, per dozen	30
Oranges, per dozen	40—80
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	1 00

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

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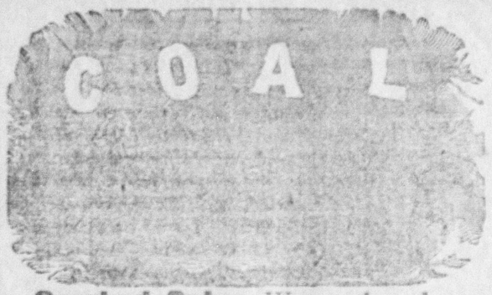
PITTSBURGH, PA.
24,000 Graduates. A High Class Commercial School.
This Institution has placed more young men and women in lucrative positions than any other Commercial School in the country.
Send for our new Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. Address
CHAS. J. SMITH, PRIN.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.



Crushed Coke, Coal, Stove Wood!

Crushed Coke—We crush and prepare Chestnut, Stove and Egg sizes for use in Cook Stoves and Heaters, as well as a most excellent fuel for heating School Houses and Churches. No smoke, no clinkers. It is the best and cheapest fuel now in use.

Coal—Anthracite—Pea, Chestnut, Stove, Egg and Furnace Coal. Snow Shoe Coal, run of the mines and screened lump; Black Block Nut and Woodland Coal.

Stove Wood—Stove Wood sawed and split to suit buyers. We invite patronage and spare no efforts to furnish Coal for the full value we receive for it. All orders will receive prompt attention.

McCALMONT & CO., Bellefonte, Pa.

IT COSTS YOU ONE WHOLE DOLLAR

To buy a World's Fair Souvenir Half Dollar. This is all right, because the price is the same everywhere, and you can't get cheated in the quality. But when you want to buy Groceries you must exercise judgment or you will get an inferior article at an exhorbitant price. But you will get just what you want if you go to

THE EUREKA

As they keep nothing but the Freshest and Best Groceries, and sell at One Cash Price to all, a price so low that none sell lower. Fresh goods received every day. Country produce of every description purchased, and highest market prices paid. If you have any doubt about what we say come in and see us, we will prove it true.

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

What the Teachers and Directors Did on Thursday.

The Wednesday afternoon session of teacher's institute was taken up as follows:

Professor Rutt, of Milesburg, and Prof. G. Hubbard, of Snow Shoe, discussed the question of "Literature in public schools." Prof. ose, of Philipsburg, talked on a "program for ungraded schools." Prof. Swift made a very interesting talk on "School Organization," and Prof. Twitmire continued his instruction on "Recitations." Dr. Groff spoke on "Circulation of matter" at the conclusion of which talk institute adjourned.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Institute opened with prayer by Rev. Blackburn, of the United Brethren church.

The opening of the question box was next in order, an event which was signalized by the liberating of many curiosities.

At 9.50 o'clock State Superintendent of Public Schools, Dr. Schaffer, made his appearance and delighted the teachers, as well as the entire audience present with a highly instructive talk on Educational work for the schools.

Dr. Schaffer's address was followed by the singing of several choice selections aftet which Dr. Groff gave a brief talk on physiology and hygiene. The doctor's address was made more from the moral than scientific standpoint.

Institute then joined in singing "Leaf by leaf the roses fall," and "Hop, hop," after which Prof. Swift concluded his talk on "School organization," at the conclusion of which institute adjourned.

Thursday afternoon's session of instiers was opened by singing, after which Prof. Swift resumed the discussion of "Recitations." When the Professor finally exhausted all he had to say on this topic Supurintendent Gramley introduced Prof. John W. Heston, formerly an instructor at the State College, but now principal of the schools at Seattle, Wash. Prof. Heston's remarks were brief but very appropriate to the occasion. State Superintendent of public intruction followed in a discourse on "How shall we keep the teachers alive?" The doctor told several very good ways to do this important thing, if the teachers and directors will only see that his instructions are now carried out. Shaffer's address was followed by a choice selection of vocal music.

Prof. John Hamilton, of State College, then made his appearance. The professor had been requested by the state forestry commissioner, Prof. J. W. Rothrock, to appear before the institute and present this issue to the teachers and urge upon them the necessity of a more faithful observance of Arbor day in the planting of trees. He explained, in an able manner, the need of preserving our forests and of fostering the growth of new ones. Not merely for the remuneration that might come to future generations in the value of the lumber, but for climatic reasons, for preserving the very heathful condition of the State we live in. Prof. Hamilton is fully conversant with the subject and his address was as instructive as it was interesting.

Following Prof. Hamilton's remarks Prof. Swift, the famous singer from Ridgway, sang very sweetly a solo, and then followed it up with making the last address of the afternoon to the teachers in which he expressed himself as being highly gratified at being able to have been present at the 49th annual session of the Centre county teachers' institute. It is safe to say that Prof. Swift carried with him the kindest of feelings of every school teacher present. Institute then adjourned for the afternoon. In the evening the opera house was crowded to listen to the entertainment of the Schuman Concert Company, and all those who went there expecting to enjoy a rare musical treat certainly had no reason to complain. The members composing this company are all artists of a superior style.

DIRECTOR'S MEETING.

According to announcement a large percentage of the school directors of Centre county met in their regular annual convention in the court house at 10 o.clock Thursday morning. The meeting was called to order by President P. W. Burket, of Stormstown. Of course, D. F. Fortney, Esq., was present, and with his usual zeal for anything in the line of school work took a great interest in making the convention as interesting and successful as possible.

A. A. Stevens, of Tyrone, was present and made the principal speech of the day his subject being on the increased appropriation and the furnishing and care of text books. Mr. Stevens believes that the State should not only furnish the school books but that it should print the same. He also stated, whether inadvertently or not, that the appropriation should be sufficient to cover all expenses for the public schools, thus bringing the same under the direct control and supervision of the state. The speaker advocated a uniform series of text books and the fewest number possible in a series and that changes should not be oftener than was absolutely necessary.

Dr. C. N. Schaffer, State Superintendent, was present and made a brief address. The doctor gave a comparison of the standing of some of the foremost states in the line of education and although Pennsylvania is not ahead it stands well up in the list. The doctor's address was salient with good points that would greatly enhance our school system, if faithfully carried out.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Institute opened at 9 o'clock by singing "Work for the night is coming," followed with prayer by Rev. Noll.

Music by the institute, "The foot traveler." The question box was opened and a few questions discussed, after which the nominations were made for the institute officers for the ensuing year. While the tellers were counting the ballots Prof. Twitmire addressed the institute on school virtues, and Prof. Ammerman read a paper which seemed poetry in prose. Mr. J. Gregg then read the report of the committee on resolutions which was as follows:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst our late friend and fellow teachers, Messrs. Levi Murray, George W. Williams and J. H. Cowher, and,

WHEREAS, It is but just that a fitting recognition of their many virtues should be had, therefore, be It

Resolved, By this institute that, while we bow with humble submission to the will of the most High, we do not mourn the loss for our friends who have been taken from us, and that in the death of these, our fellow teachers, we lament the loss of those worthy of our respect and esteem.

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the Revs. Hoshour, Noll, Blackburn, Elliott and Houck for their assistance in our devotional exercises.

Resolved, That we express our gratitude to the citizens of Bellefonte for their courteousness and hospitality.

Resolved, That in future conventions measures be taken to suppress the noise and confusion made by an element of the town that congregates in the rear end of the building and who come for no other purpose than to amuse themselves.

Resolved, That the pertinacious habit of chewing gum be hereby seriously condemned.

Resolved, That the directors of all school districts in the county shall see to the making of fires, sweeping, etc., as it is no more a part of the teacher's duty to perform this work than to furnish kindling, coal, etc.

Resolved, That we express our thanks to Superintendent Gramley for the able, efficient and courteous manner in which he fills his position.

At the conclusion of the reading of the minutes Pro. D. O. Etters read the result of the election of officers, which was as follows, Supt. Gramely, by virture of his position, being President:

Vice President—Rev. D M Wolf and Miss Bella Rankin.

Secretary—W H Limbert.

Committee on permianent certificates—J F Harrison, W E Keene, D E Robb Elias Hancock and Theo. Pletcher.

The question of where shall the institute be held next year was then submitted to a vote and resulted in favor of the Court house by 195 to 29.

Brief addresses were made by D. F. Fortney, Esq, and Hon. A O Furst, after which Supt. Gramley made a few remarks in farewell, the roll was called, there was music, and the institute adjourned *sine die* with the benediction by Rev. D M Wolf.

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

It is ended. The session this year was about on a par with all the others held for years past in interest and instruction. These yearly gatherings of all the teachers in the county are undoubtedly the means of doing much good for the profession. But the question has often presented itself, could they not be made of more interest and of more benefit, if it was made incumbent on the teachers in the county to take a more prominent part in the week's programme?

Of course, this could not be done to the exclusion of all instructors, but to sit and listen to one man make two speeches a day for three or four days, is dry food for a hungry mind, no difference how able the speaker may be. It has suggested itself that the reason the institutes are so fully attended was because the teachers took advantage of the opportunity to come to town and have a good time. Of course, there are undoubtedly exceptions, but we think it beyond question that the assertion will fit quite a number.

And that reminds us. In the resolutions, as adopted on Friday, was one condemning a "certain element of the town" which congregated in the rear of the house and made too much confusion. We dare say that if the committee on resolutions had taken the trouble to investigate they would have found that with that "certain element" was also a "certain element" of school teachers and it was the combined foolishness of both that kept up the racket. We do not say this to excuse the Bellefonter who went there and misbehaved, but to place the whole blame where it rightfully belongs.

—William Croft, engineer on the Tyrone division, near Bald Eagle Thursday evening, had his left hand struck by an upright on a car of a passing train, causing painful bruises to that member Dr. G. W. Burket rendered the necessary attention and treatment.

—On Friday evening Miss Lizzie Brown drew a lovely tea set at the Logan's fair and Mr. Jacob Gross got a sack of flour.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, ITS "THE KIND THAT CURES."

—We wish you all a most prosperous and happy New Year.

JANUARY WEATHER.

The Famous Prophet, Rev. Irl L. Hicks, Tells Us What We May Expect.

We take pleasure in copying from Word and Works the January forecasts as made by Rev. Irl L. Hicks, whose weather predictions have been so marvellously fulfilled as to astonish people everywhere;

At the opening of the new year a reactionary storm wave will have just expended itself in western regions, and a cold wave with rising barometer will be pressing eastward behind the storms. By about the 3rd, the colder weather with clearing conditions will have reached the regions of the Atlantic. At the same tim e the temperature will begin to rise and the barometer will be falling in the west. The 4th is the center of a regular storm period, with the new moon on the 6th, calling for the crisis of the period about the 5th, 6th and 7th. Expect rain and snow during the passage eastward of the higher temperature and falling barometer, but be on the watch for the cold wave that is certain to follow. These cold waves often set in almost at the first appearance of the storm in the far west and north, while regions further to the east have several days of growing warmth, and threatening storm conditions; but as the storm wave works itself forward in its inevitable course to the east, the cold wave will be found pressing immediately in the rear of the storm area. This is why blizzards frequently burst in their full fury at the first touch of the storm in northwestern regions. The storm and the cold wave hitting simultaneously, the blizzard is on at once, and woe to the man who is caught without protection or some safe guide, even within sight of his own house. A partial relaxation from cold will center on the 10th and 11th and reactionary squalls of rain and snow will appear at many points along the progressive line of change from west to east. Renewed cold will follow promptly and severely, filling the time with sharp wintry weather up to the advent of the next storm period.

The 16th is the central day of the next period, with the moon's first quarter on the evening of the 14th. It will turn warmer in westerly regions by the 14th and during the 15th to 18th, the warm wave will grow in extent and degree, causing storms of rain and snow in its regular advance eastward. Much surface thawing, especially southward, is probable during this period, but as the area of rain works eastward its western flanks will turn to snow and the inevitable cold wave will wind up the disturbances of the period and bring freezing weather generally lasting until the reactionary changes on and touching the 21st and 23d. About these dates it will grow warmer and more storms of rain and snow will appear, the crisis of the disturbances being reached about the time of the full moon on the 21st. Look for the cold wave to bring up the rear promptly and severely, remembering that the "rear" in the far westerly parts is always two to four days before even the front of the storm movements have fairly reached the more easterly and southerly extremes of our continent. It will be frosty and cool generally for several days after the last named reactionary storms.

The last storm period of the month begins about the 26th, and ends about the 30th. During its existence the regular changes in temperature, barometric pressure, wind currents and all phenomena belonging to a regular storm period, will show themselves, in regular, progressive order. All who have been for any time careful students of nature, or who have followed our forecasts and instructions for only a limited time, have discovered that extreme western regions, as a rule, get all the phases of storm periods earlier than central, southern and eastern parts of the continent. This is especially true in reference to the cold waves that rush in from the northwest as sequels to almost every storm period. When storms of an equatorial origin dominate a period, the south has rain, wind and thunder with only the cold wave feature in the north and west. All these facts are replete with interesting study, besides the practical relation they bear to the weal and comfort of man and beast. January is apt to end fair and frosty.

$5,000,000 MORTGAGE.

A first mortgage for $5,000,000, from the Central Pennsylvania and Western Railroad company to The New York Security and Trust company, trustee, dated November 1, 1893, is now being placed on Record in the office of Register and Recorder Cummings, of Williamsport.

This is the much-talked-of railroad that is to be a combination of the Turbotville and Williamsport, the Wilkesbarre and Western and the Orangeville and Lehigh, and the mortgage covers all the property of the company from Stroudsburg, on the Deleware river, to Williamsport.

A JUNIOR MR. LOVE.

The many friends of John G. Love, Esq., are now kept busy tendering their congratulations to that gentleman on the arrival at his household of a big baby boy, which made its advent into this world early Sunday morning. Mr. Love has been a long time in this world without being called "papa" but he has finally got his reward, and the Judgeship is now a small matter compared with the importance of this little stranger.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HILL'S

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS.

During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at $1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us $1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for HILL'S TABLETS and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—

OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,

51, 53 & 55 Opera Block,

LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DORES FERRY, N. Y.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 49.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four month before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON.
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part. W. L. LOTHAY.

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED

Address all Orders to

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,

51, 53 and 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

(In writing please mention this paper.)

EXPLOSIVES, POWDER, FUSE AND QUARRYING MACHINERY.

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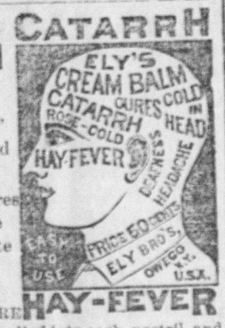

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—Good bye, 1893.

—Thursday while cutting up a beef Mr. Hiram Fetterhoff missed the beef and hit his thumb, almost severing that member from the hand.

—After such a discouraging start it is pleasing to say that both the freight and passenger traffic of the new railroad has increased rapidly.

—J. D. Sourbeck on Christmas gave away four hundred loaves of Marvin's bread, thus making one thousand loaves given to the poor of Bellefonte by Mr. Sourbeck.

—On Tuesday Councilman John C. Miller with his family moved into their new residence on East Linn street, and from this time on John will be "one of the people."

—The black tiger which escaped from the Main circus wreck last summer, and which was afterwards shot by Frank Gunsallus near Bald Eagle, has been stuffed and mounted and is now on exhibition in the Tyrone hotel.

—On Christmas day Mr. O. J. Spotts, of Union township, was united in marriage with Miss Joanna Markle, the ceremony taking place at the residence of the bride's parents in Walker township, Rev. J. J. Lohr officiating.

—A swindling beggar of a tramp, who gave his name as Harry Klintzer, of Port Royal, and who had been "working" the citizens of Potter's Bank and Boalsburg, was arrested at the latter place on Wednesday and is now in jail in this place.

—The Old Fort hotel, which for the present, since the death of J. H. Odenkirk, has been under the management of Mrs. Odenkirk and Frank Bradford will be continued by them until April 1st, when they will discontinue and that famous hostelry will be for rent.

—A Huntingdon special says: An inmate of the Reformatory Monday evening had his eyesight destroyed by an explosion of gunpowder in the laboratory of the institution. It was alleged that the powder was thrown by a son of Superintendent Patton, but efforts to confirm the rumor have proven abortive.

—The statement that the suit against the South Fork fishing club, for damages resulting to citizens of Johnstown from the breaking of the dam in 1889, will be tried in this city, is erroneous. The case will not be tried here and was never intended to. It is doubtful if it will be tried in any court.—Williamsport *Sun*.

—By a transfer of passenger conductors on the Tyrone division going into effect Monday, Richard D Farrell and Isaac E Berg exchanged routes. Mr. Farrel is now punching tickets on the Bald Eagle Valley and T & C branches, while Mr. Berg has taken charge of the train on the Lewisburg & Tyrone branch from Tyrone to Benore.

—Jersey Shore *Herald*: His many friends are greatly pleased to know that J. Woods Ferguson, of this place, has accepted the position of freight and ticket agent for the Central Pennsylvania railway company at Mackeyville, the most important point between Mill Hall and Bellefonte. Mr. Ferguson is well known hese, and he is every way qualified to fill the office.

—The most pinching time in the winter experiences of the poor is now coming on and the fact should inspire us all with a determination to do all we can to alleviate it. Now, of all others, is the time when the opportunities for doing much good at a trifling cost are most abundant. If we fail to improve them to the extent of our abilities, can we hope that our plentifulness will be continued? Doesn't t pay to be charitable, even though the investment for a time may seem to be without dividend?

INESS WOMAN.

er History.

es of others are s no exception: heart disease 25 y seriously. For e physician con- but obliged to y health. A phy- hat I could not live a mbs were badly swol- n a serious condition ted my attention to re, and said that his cted with heart dis- he remedy, and was oman. I purchased , and in less than first dose I could t in the circulation taken three doses I ething I had not bs had been swol- almost putrified. ttle of the New all gone down, t I did my own n six others are "—Mrs. Morgan, discovery of an ease, is sold by rantee, or sent khart, Ind., on x bottles for ely free from

BOARD OF TRADE BANQUET.

Held at the Bush House Proves a Most Enjoyable Affair.

The long discussed and much talked-of banquet to be tendered the gentlemen who were instrumental in pushing to a successful completion the new Central railroad of Pennsylvania by the Bellefonte Board of Trade was held at the Bush House on Thursday evening and proved to be a success in every respect. For two days men were hard at work decorating and putting in proper shape the dining room of the Bush House that the same might harmonize in appearance with the dignity of the crowd present and the importance of the occasion. And their success was a marvel. Festoons of laurel and evergreen suspended from the ceiling while the walls were literally covered with trailing vines and holly wreaths. The tables, eight in number, were arranged in a hollow square with a small one in the centre. These were loaded down with cut glass and beautiful decorations. Large palms with holly wreaths decorated both ends of each table while in the centre stood a large lamp and this with numerous wax candles scattered promiscuously about, cast a mellow light over the entire scene.

It was just about 10.30 o'clock when Meyer's famous orchestra, which was present to furnish music for the occasion, struck up a delightful march and the word "forward" was passed around among the guests. Every gentleman had a numbered ticket and, the plates being numbered to correspond, there was no trouble in seating the one hundred or more present. When everything was finally arranged the table of honor in the Centre was occupied as follows: At the head sat President of the Board of Trade James Harris; to his right the guest of the evening, J. W. Gephart and next to him, Hon. S. R. Peale. To the left of Mr. Harris sat Capt. Charles M. Clements, of Sunbury. At the foot of the table sat General Beaver, to his right assistant passenger and freight agent Case, of the Beech Creek, and next to him Mr. J. I. Higbee. At General Beaver's left sat Mr. Frank Warfield and next to him Mr. J. E. Richter. Around the other eight tables were assembled the representative citizens of Bellefonte, the Philadelphia delegation of guests having departed at 9 o'clock by special train over the C. R. R. for the east, where they were compelled to go to meet pressing engagements to-day.

At the tap of the bell a score of electric lights were turned on and the dozen or more colored waiters moved as if by machinery and dealt out the first course of the elaborate menu, which in *toto* was as follows:

Blue Points in Ice.
Green Turtle Consomme in Cups.
Sheepshead baked in Wine. Pecan Sauce.
Julienne Potatoes.
Appolinaris.
Boneless Turkey Currant Jelly
Baked Ham Champagne Sauce.
Canvas Back Duck a la Gephart.
Punch a la Romaine.
Broiled Quail on Toast.
Sweetbreads au Gratin in Cases.
Saratoga Chips
Crab Salad Chicken Salad.
Strawberry Ice Cream Marangue
Roman Cherry Ice.
Fruit. Assorted Cakes.
Roqueford Cheese. Fromage de Brie
Cafe Demi Tasse.
Cigars.

While the above elaborate bill of fare was being disposed of the scene was one of mirth, pleasantry and general good will. The best feeling prevailed everywhere and the guests were so seated as to bring congenial spirits together. It was well on to one o'clock when cigars were served and President James Harris, in a neat and well-worded speech, announced the purpose of the banquet, which was intended to commemorate the formal opening of the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania, a railroad the building of which was a feat that had never before been performed in the United States, the entire construction and equipment of twenty-seven miles of road in as many weeks. Mr. Harris then introduced General Beaver as the toastmaster of the evening and called on him to respond to the toast "Our Guests."

Governor Beaver called on the guests to rise and drink the health of "Our Guests" in Bellefonte water, which was done. In the course of his remarks Mr. Beaver said we offer them our friendship with the assurance that it will be as never-failing as the water. In taking up our new friends we do not necessarily mean to discard the old ones. We have a railroad here which can take us up in Bellefonte this evening and place us down in Philadelphia tomorrow morning. We can order goods from Philadelphia to-[illegible] and use them here day after to-mor[illegible] If you want our business you must [illegible]tter than that. An old glove is always [illegible]most comfortable but, then, we are [illegible]is to receiving a new pair along [illegible] Christmas time, even if it is a litt[illegible] put on. When trying to induce [illegible]gers to locate here the first que[illegible]k is not, what is your outlet, [illegible] but what competition ha[illegible] gentlemen have given us f[illegible] to say that this is a compet[illegible] because you have enabled [illegible] we welcome you to our mid[illegible] built and equipped an exce[illegible]l and the valley through which you pass is unparallelled in its richness in limestone, hematite ores, timber and agriculture. You are giving us competition in the traffic from both the bituminous and anthracite coal fields. You have opened to us the great market of western New York and it won't be long until the flourishing towns in that state will be as familiar to us as our Williamsport, Altoona and Harrisburg are to-day. It is easy to see why the Bald Eagle valley railroad was built where it is, instead of where it was first surveyed. Some one has said that God made that valley just wide enough for a plank road, a railroad and a creek, and that he almost graded the railroad. But it has been left for the Central railroad of Pennsylvania to traverse the richest valley in every respect, in Centre county, and we believe it will pay you from the first day of the fulfillment of a general schedule traffic. Let us now seek to utilize all are natural resources and advantages right here for the benefit of our own community. Let us manufacture all our raw material into the finished product and send it out to the world to use, instead of sending away our raw materials and have the world send it back to us to consume. General Beaver then introduced Captain Charles M. Clements, of Sunbury, to respond to the toast "Thank You."

Captain Clements is a very pleasant speaker. He began by giving a history of the inception of the Central railroad. He told about how it was planned, how the charter was obtained years ago and how the regular meetings of the directors were held without even the hilarity of a wake. We presented the advantages of this projected road in Europe and in America, but we couldn't raise the funds to make it go. Then our minds turned to Bellefonte and for some reason or other a new life seemed at once infused into the project. You people took hold, the money was obtained and the road has been built and there is no doubt but that you will be benefited in every way. We will not forget the good will and support of the people of Bellefonte. We will not forget that it has been the key which unlocked the golden lock which furnished the money for the fulfillment of this undertaking. And, realizing this, I for myself and for the different companies I alone represent here to-night thank you for this manifestation of your appreciation of the completion of a railroad which we trust will be for our mutual benefit.

D. F. Fortney, Esq., in responding to the toast, "Bellefonte—it's past," reviewed briefly the industrial history of this immediate community for the past one hundred years. And not only did he touch on its industries but also on our people.

Following Mr. Fortney Superintendent J. W. Gephart responded to the toast, "Bellefonte—it's future." Mr. Gephart explained the reasons that first induced him, as one, to take hold of the scheme to give Bellefonte a competing line. It was because, he said, the Pennsylvania railroad company had gone square back on a solemn agreement of freight rates made with the Valentine Iron Company, whereby they would be compelled to pay an annual increase of from twenty to twenty-five thousand dollars over and above what they were to have paid. This kind of arbitrary extortion he did not want to submit to and when the first portunity came to alter the prevailing condition of things, it was taken advantage of, and now the people of Bellefonte have the Pennsylvania railroad company, more than any one else, to thank for the present competition. Mr. Gephart further urged upon the business men of this community, and the Bellefonte Board of Trade as an organization, to use their best endeavors to induce capital to locate manufacturing establishments here that will use up all our home product and thus benefit us all. And he predicted that, if the work was pushed diligently and in the right way, in five years from now Bellefonte would be a booming town of twice its present size and population, with manufacturing industries scattered on every hillside roundabout,

As impromptu speakers Col. William Shortlidge, chairman of the banquet committee, thanked the members of the board of trade and the business men of Bellefonte in general, who so generously responded to their appeals for assistance, thus enabling them to make of the banquet the success it was. In speaking of the new railroad Mr. Shortlidge said it was a competing road, and for this are we thankful; it is a model railroad, because they don't propose hauling any dead heads; and it is a christian railroad, because, if they pay their way, it will haul both saint and sinner to Zion.

At this juncture Judge-elect Gordon, Mr. Robert Valentine and Mr. William Lyon, were all called on but as neither were present the guests missed their good speeches.

On behalf of the Centre county bar W. F. Reeder and J. C. Meyer, Esqs., made brief speeches appropriate to the time and occasion.

General Beaver then called on Hon. S. R. Peale, of Lock Haven, to make the concluding speech. Mr. Peale said that he had been told that he was to make a speech and that he would find his subject on the menu card. After looking it all over the only thing he could find seemingly appropriate was "Blue points in ice." He said as he looked to his right he saw the "green turtles," in front of him were the "sheepheads" and to his left the "potatoes from Julienne." Your worthy toastmaster laid considerable stress on the Nittany valley "pig" and, as I now understand it you want to send that pig all over the country to root, root, root, until it can come home a full-sized Bellefonte hog. You have spoken of your vast and rich lime deposits and I gather from what you have said that you want to whitewash the outside world. You have spoken of your three roads leading to Bellefonte. Cæsar said that Gaul was made up of three parts, and they all led to Rome. In this case you are made up of three parts and they all lead to gall. But seriously speaking, your guest, Mr. Gephart did a big thing when he built this little railroad 27 miles long. He has opened to you thousands of miles of railroads and a half a continent of commerce. He has brought to your front doors trade that has hitherto been fenced off from you. We are glad this thing has come to pass and that we, of the Beech Creek, can connect you with the great outside world. We welcome you into the family. You are our youngest but already you have learned enough to steal our traffic manager and set him up at the head of your department. You start out well, keep right ahead and you are bound to succeed.

General Beaver then called for three cheers for J. W. Gephart after which the end had come (also three o'clock) and all departed for their homes, and thus ended the formal event gotten up to signalize the opening of Bellefonte's first competing line of railroad.

ROBBERIES AT SPRUCE CREEK.

On Wednesday night the store of Sydney Thompson at Spruce Creek was broken into by two colored men, who took an old hitching post and boldly battered the door, after which they entered and began helping themselves to such of the goods as tickled their fancy. It happened, however, that the store and house were connected with an electric bell and when the clerk heard this he at once knew that something was wrong. He went to the station and securing help, returned to the store, when several revolver shots were fired into it. The burglars thereupon surrendered and came out, being kept in custody until Chief of Police Westbrook, of Huntingdon, who had been telephoned to, came up on a freight train and escorted them to jail. While under arrest the men complained of being hungry, when Mr. Thompson, whom they attempted to rob, gave them something to eat and also set up the cigars. This so pleased them that they desired him to take them to jail, and upon leaving in Chief Westbrook's charge, they invited him to call upon them in jail. The men have been working for Contractor Tennis along the line of the railroad.

Henderson's store at Union Furnace has been robbed twice during the past week and some of the articles stolen there were found in an old barn at Spruce Creek yesterday, so that it is surmised that the same two men have been doing the stealing at both places.

HOLIDAY CHEER.

The holiday season is close upon us, and every household in the land is prearing for the plum pudding, and the general and feasting and rejoicing. A little good brandy for the mince pie, rum for the pudding, for a little stimulant to keep the spirits up and the cold out, is absolutely necessary for an old time Christmas cheer. One of the most prominent liquor dealers in the country, Mr. Max Klein of Allegheny, Pa., whom we can cheerfully recommend, and who has the reputation for handling only absolutely pure liquors, will sell you the following brands of six years old pure Penn'a Ryes, at $1.00 per full quart or six for $5.00: Bear Creek, Gibson, Guckenheimer, Finch, and Overholt. The famous Silver Age, the finest whiskey in the country at $1.50 and Duquesne, a whiskey distilled from Rye and Malt, at $1.25 per quart, Guckenheimer 4 years old, at 75c per quart, and the Anchor Rye at 50c. You can have your choice of all kinds of California Wines, Gins, Rum and Brandy, all pure, and old, at from 50 cents per quart up.

All goods bottled and bearing the signature of Max Klein for sale by S Shloss Agt Williamsport.

SWEARING-OFF TIME AGAIN.

The spirit of reform is once more abroad. Already thousands of people are bringing old resolutions to light, mending and scouring them, and adding a few new ones to the stock, which may outlast New Years several days. New Year resolutions have about the same lease of life as Chicago marriage vows. However, they accomplish some good in their way. The man who smokes a toby with an air of discontent, merely because his appetite is handicapped by his purse, and his longing for imported Perfectos unsatisfied, bids farewell to his toby, on the general reformation day, soon realizes where he used to live. At first he will feel proud of the triumph of will power over appetite. He will tell his friends of his resolution to abstain from smoking. The novelty of abstinance lasts a day or two, but as its keen edge wears off, the New Year reformer finds himself enjoying a cloud of smoke puffed from one of those despised tobies by some friend who resisted the reform spirit. A few puffs of a cigaret come on the quiet, and the spirit of reform has passed, and he finds real luxury in a four-for-five toby.

The man who stops drinking on New Years discards his mantle of reform by equally easy stages. Water the first day, soda water the next two, then comes ginger ale, followed by the Keeley graduate's favorite tipple, the bitter, but seductively fatal calisaya. Then the bar tender greets his old friend, asks where he has been for the past two weeks, and they "smile."

And so it is with most New Year reforms. They are taken out for a short annual tour each season, then shelved till the next year. Only an occasional one holds out.

Coughs and Colds

are signs of weakness. Don't wait until you are weaker and nearer Consumption. Begin at once with

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda. It strengthens the Lungs, cures Coughs and Colds, and builds up the system. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Wasting Diseases of Children are speedily cured by SCOTT'S EMULSION. It stops waste and makes children fat and healthy.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. Druggists sell it.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Plans and specifications for the proposed industrial school at Scotland, Franklin county, for soldiers' orphans of the state, are being prepared by Architect Lonsdale, of Philadelphia. The commission has accepted the preliminary plans for the administration building and it is expected to commence work on its construction within the next six weeks. The building will be of brick with stone trimmings. It will have a frontage of 150 feet, and will be three stories. The first floor will be devoted to class rooms and the executive department and the second and third to dormitories.

The new building will accommodate from 200 to 250 children, and will likely be ready for occupancy by January, 1895. The commission proposes to transfer the most advanced pupils in the schools at Uniontown, Hartford and Chester Springs to the industrial school, and admit more children in these schools. The next legislature will be asked for another appropriation to build additional buildings. It is proposed to build from time to time double cottages with accommodations for thirty pupils on each side, and eventually close the present schools and concentrate all the children at Scotland. The properties now used in the education of the soldiers' orphans of the state are now owned by private parties and leased to the commission.

The cottage plan is said to be a very practical one, and has worked successfully at Xenia, Ohio, where there is located one of the most complete industrial training schools in the country. Each side of the cottage to be erected at Scotland will be in charge of a matron or a mother who will have absolute control over the pupils entrusted to her. She will look after their clothing, get them ready for school in the morning and afternoon, nurse them when sick, attend to their baths and exercise over them a motherly care. At the close of the school hours, the teacher will march the pupils to the cottages to which they are assigned and turn them over to the care of the matron.

The workshops will be fitted up with all the latest mechanical appliances used in the various trades. It is proposed to teach the boys to be machinists, carpenters, blacksmiths, tailors and shoemakers. They will be allowed to select any branch of trade in which they believe they will be the most successful. The boys will also be taught mechanical engineering and draughting. The girls will be taught millinery, dressmaking, cooking, fine tailoring, typewriting and draughting.

A HERALD OF THE INFANT YEAR.

Clip the last thirty years or more from the century, and the sergment will represent the term of the unbounded popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The opening of the year 1894 will be signalized by the appearance of a fresh Almanac of the Bitters, in which the uses, derivation and action of this world famous medicine will be lucidly set forth. Everybody should read it. The calendar and astronomical calculations to be found in this brochure are always astonishingly accurate, and the statistics, illustrations, humor and other reading matter rich in interest and full of profit. The Hostetter Company of Pittsburgh, Pa., publish it themselves. They employ more than sixty hands in the mechanical work, and more than eleven months in the year are consumed in its preparation. It can be obtained without cost of all druggists and country dealers, and is printed in English; German, French Welsh, Nerwegian, Swedish; Holland, Bohemian and Spanish.

—Sheriff Ishler and family have moved from the jail to the Graham house on East Linn street, and the "home on the hill" is ready for the reception of Sheriff Condo and family on Monday.

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J. J. LeBEAL,

Of Erie, Pa., will be here for part of October. Orders left at Bush House will receive prompt attention. 24-35-tf

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FOR 1894

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Bellefonte Republican,

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Another man came to this office this morning to get satisfaction and—he got it.

—The county auditors are now hard at work going over the several accounts of the county officials.

—The fourteen-year-old son of Mr. Samuel Shirk, who lives at the Forge, is seriously ill with the dropsy.

—The Christmas entertainment of the Presbyterian Sunday school will be held on Thursday evening of this week.

—Just enough snow fell Saturday night to necessitate cleaning pavements on Sunday and give us a white New Year.

—A Missouri Wolfe has married a Centre county Bare. Will the offspring, if there should be any, be wolves, bares, cubs or kittens.

—It is pretty hard to tell these mornings whether it snowed during the night or whether the deep covering of white is nothing but frost.

—After making its annual circuit around the sun the earth is in the same place it was 365 days ago. How about its parasites and its inhabitants?

—This is delightful weather for snow, rain, mud; cold, grip, fever, death, etc. Wonder if the newly-appointed Board of Health can improve it any.

—These are the days in which the lover never knows whether his best girl is wearing her hair in the latest style, or whether she merely forgot to comb it.

—The proprietor of the popular Brant House served up another wild turkey for his guests's dinner Sunday. It was an 18-pounder, captured near Unionville.

—On account of the fact that the friends will not be able to reach Bellefonte sooner, the funeral of Mrs. Kief will not take place until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Services will be held in the Catholic church.

—Centre County Pomona Grange, No. 13, will meet in hall of Bald Eagle Grange, Milesburg, on January 11, 1894, at 10.30 a. m. sharp. Installation of officers and exemplification of unwritten work during the day.

—On New Year's day a large crowd of Howard's young men, dressed up as fantastics, went to Beech Creek and afforded considerable amusement for the citizens of that town by parading the streets for an hour or so.

—On Monday Cyrus Lucas, son of Samuel Lucas, killed a fox and took it home and skinned it. Just as he finished the job Samuel McMurtrie came along and, because his dogs had run the fox, claimed and took it.

—The residence of William Gibson, in Tyrone, was robbed on Friday of a gold watch and chain, revolver, Masonic badge, necklace and some money. The robbery occurred in broad daylight, while Mrs. Gibson was calling on a neighbor.

—The laying of the 3-inch water pipe on Lamb street has been completed from Spring street to the new railroad, where a fire plug has been put in, which the Central railroad company will use as a means of supplying water for use in their engines.

—The Zion band, which was in Bellefonte on Monday to furnish music for the Logan's ball, delighted all lovers of good music with a number of serenades given in various portions of the town. The Zion boys certainly know how to blow their own horns.

—New Year's day was very quiet but New Year's night was unwholesomely lively. First there was borough council meeting, Y. M. C. A. reception, the wheelmen's banquet and the Logan's ball in town, while the Hungarians livened things up a little on Halfmoon hill.

—We were in error on Monday in stating that Prof. Swithin C. Shortlidge had for a few months been President of State College. It was his brother, Prof. Joseph Shortlidge, who held that position. Swithin C. has been identified with the Media Academy for the past twenty years.

—Joshua Foulk and his drum corps drummed the old year out and the new year in by giving serenades out on Linn street. The writer heard the music between twelve and one o'clock and at first thought it was the call of Gabriel's trump, but on investigation, found out different.

—In the case of William H. Long, his wife and mother-in-law, who applied for an injunction to prevent Howard borough from taking water out of Egypt run for borough purposes, the court dismissed the application and ordered the borough to file a small bond to cover any future damages that might accrue.

—By a blast at Morris' limestone quarries this morning a stone weighing about eighty pounds, was thrown south a distance of one thousand feet striking the cornice on the house occupied by Erastus Robb, smashing that and descending went through the porch roof, knocked off some door facing and broke the porch floor. Not two minutes before that Mrs. Robb had been standing just where the stone fell.

THE WHEELMEN BANQUET.

They Enjoy a Fine Layout and Have a Good Time at Ceader's Monday night.

On Monday night (New Years) the Bellefonte Club, League of American Wheelmen held their third annual banquet at Ceader's famous restaurant on Allegheny street. It was after ten o'clock when the boys marched from their club room over the Centre county bank, to the restaurant, and at 10.30 they were seated around the festive boord in the spacious dining parlor. The tables were set in the form of a cross, and the following members were present: President of the club, Mortimer Donahue, sat at the head of the table and Edwin F. Garman at the foot. Down the south side were Charles Cruse, John Bauer, J. Linn Harris, Ed. Irvin, Geo. Williams, James R. Hughes, Ed. Kitson, Frank S. Rhoads and Woods Sebring. On the north side were Charles Richards, Harry Gerberich, Joseph Mitchell, James Harris, Fred Jackson, H. B. Shaeffer, Ed. B. Rankin and the News reporter. Francis Speer, of the *Gazette*, came in later and was shown a chair also on the north side. At the word from President Donahue all fell to with a gusto that betokened clear consciences and healthy appetites and the following menu was discussed:

MENU.

Oysters on half shell, Bullion
Chicken Croquettes, French Peas.
Turkey. Cranberry Sauce
Potatoes. Scalloped oysters.
Celery Olives.
Sherbet.
Lobster Salad.
Strawberry cream in Morangue.
Pound cake Fruit cake.
Nut cake. Lady Fingers.
Macaroons. Kisses. Sand Tarts,
Cocoanut drops.
Fruits Coffee.

Naturally, while a body of healthy young men are getting away with such a quantity of good edibles as the above signifies, there is little time lost in talk, but on this occasion, the gentlemen found time between courses to discuss various amusing topics. Ed. Garman had his latest Columbia catalogue with him and tried hard to explain the difference between the present improved "erochet" and the old kind of "quiver"—or something like that. Woods Sebring gave away his color blindness by insisting that the room trimmings were orange and yellow, when everybody present could see they were orange and green. But it was left to Frank Rhoads to bring down the house, metaphorically speaking, when asked how long ago the Bellefonte Wheelmen's Club had been organized, with the reply, "two years ago last horse shedding." And so the time passed along in one continual stream of mirth and merriment, few of the boys, however, forgetting themselves so far as to fail to empty every plate that was set before them, which proves that riding a wheel begets healthy appetites, until the coffee was served and disposed of.

Then it was that President Donahue moved that James R. Hughes act as toastmaster. This question met with the unanimous approval of all present, and Mr. Hughes in accepting the responsibility, acknowledged the honor with thanks and made a few appropriate remarks. He then proposed the toasts which were responded to in the following order:

"The Bellefonte Wheelmen Club, its past," Edwin F. Garman. "John Emory—the Bellefonte Wheelmen's waiter," Ed Irvin. "Trick Riding," George Williams. "The county roads," John Bauer. "Bellefonte vs. Philipsburg," Harry Gerberich. "The wheel of temptation and trial as it ever spins in the drug business," Woods Sebring. "Club runs and inducements," Joseph Mitchell. "Our obligations to the treasurer," J. Linn Harris. "The club room—its privileges, its needs, balls, etc.," Charles Richards. "Kindly Fellowship," Francis Speer. "His remedy for the fatigue of long Sunday trips," Charles Cruse. "Will old Ireland ever master the bicycle?" H. B. Shaeffer. "The wheel and its connection with the press," the News reporter. "The wrecks of the new Central railroad and their connection with the wrecks of the Bellefonte wheelmen," Ed. Kitson. "Ceader's, as the Wheelmen's banquet hall," Fred Jackson. "Telegrams carried on bicycles—the improvement over electricity," Ed. Rankin. "The difficulties of getting rid of a second hand bicycle," Frank Rhoads. "The future of our girls on wheels," James Harris. A vote of thanks was then extended to Mr. and Mrs. Ceaders, after which President Donahue responded to the toast, "A happy New Year for the Bellefonte Wheelmen," and with three rousing cheers for the future of the club the banquet ended at one o'clock. It was the writers intention to give all the above speeches *verbatim et literatim* but space will not permit. We can say, however, that those who did not hear them missed a rare literary treat and that what the boys forgot to say would make a much larger book than what they did say, although it might not be half so interesting reading. On the whole it was a gala time. The room was handsomely decorated with the club colors, the host and hostess did themselves proud in the menu served and John Emory, as waiter, left nothing undone that would add to the comfort of those present. The only drawback was the absence of a few of the members of the club whose presence is always very desirable.

—Editor Fiedler, of the *Gazette*, made a trip to Pennsvalley on Saturday and, on starting, departed in such a hurry that he took the wrong horse and buggy, without noticing the difference. The mistake was natural enough as he ordered a livery rig and was informed that a gray horse and buggy had been sent up. When ready to start he found such a team at his door and took it, though it proved to be the wrong one.

DIED IN KEOKUK, IOWA.

A letter received this morning by Mr. Charles Glenn, in this place, from Miss Lida Rankin, of Keokuk, Iowa, conveyed the sad intelligence of the death of her mother Mrs. Sarah Jane Rankin, on Sunday last, December 31st. Mrs. Rankin was formerly Miss Glenn, the oldest sister of Messrs. David and Charles Glenn, of this place. She was the oldest of three sisters and the last surviving. The others, Mrs. John A. Wolfe, of Philipsburg, died some three years ago, and Mrs. Lee, of Washington territory some few years ago.

Along about 1850 the then Miss Glenn was married to Mr. Calvin Rankin, a brother of our late prominent townsman, James H. Rankin, Esq. For some years the family resided at Moshannon, this county, where Mr. Rankin was engaged in business with Mr. James Gillan. In 1854 the family moved to Keokuk, Iowa, where they have since resided, in all the intervening years not once having returned to visit the friends or the land of their nativity. Mrs. Rankin is survived by her husband and a family of nine or ten children, the oldest daughter being married.

WE WELCOME THEE.

Old 1893 we part from thee with few feelings of sorrow or regret. There is little of credit to lay up to thy time, save the holding of the biggest show on earth. Accidents and disaster with a large death rate are credited to thy history. Business depression and consequent poverty are a dark page on thy history. We are thankful, however, that thou hast bourne us along the river of time from the ending of prosperous 1892 until the dawn of 1894. And now, we welcome thee, 1894, in the hope that thou will bring to us and our fellowmen, blessings innumerable, less of death and disaster, and more of business activity and the consequent comforts that go to make life worth the living. We hail thee with joy and trust our goodbye twelve months from now may be said with a feeling that thou hast done well by us.

THE LOGAN'S FAIR.

The Logan Steam Fire Engine Company's fair, which began Saturday evening December 23, closed last Saturday evening with everything sold. The contest for a diamond pin is still in progress. The pea guessing contest for a ton of anthracite coal was counted off on Saturday evening and Will Runkle proved the fortunate guesser. The number of peas in the jar was 8767. The winning guess was 8756. Only two more guesses were within one hundred of the correct number; they were Thomas Moore, who guessed 8780; and a second guess of Will Runkle at 8608. Altogether Runkle guessed seven times, spent 35 cents and got a ton of coal worth $5.60. The Logans will clear probably two hundred dollars all told.

COUNTY OFFICIALS SWORN IN.

The county officials elected last November were Monday sworn into office. They were Sheriff John P. Condo, and his deputy Calvin Weaver; Treasurer John Q. Miles; Register, George W. Rumberger; Recorder W. Gaylor Morrison—re-elected; and County Commissioners. Recorder Morrison administered the oath to the entire crowd, with the exception of himself; he was sworn in by Prothonotary Smith. The advent of the new officials will make very little change in the court house and its appointees. Outside of the above named the only appointment to make is Sheriff's attorney, and J. C. Meyer, Esq., has been the fortunate man who will be called upon to advise the Sheriff during the following three years.

FIRE BRICK WORKS SHUT DOWN

The large fire brick works of R. B. Wigton & Sons, at this place, shut down on Monday, and we are authorized by Superintendent Wikel to say that it will not resume until its proprietors know whether Mr. Wilson's proposed tariff reduction of $2 per thousand will become a law or not. If it does the brick works will resume with a corresponding decrease in wages, but Mr. Wigton does not propose to make brick at tariff wages and sell them at free trade prices. The shutting down of the plant throws out of employment about 125 men and boys, including the fire clay miners.—Philipsburg *Ledger*.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

George H. Wister, Esq., of Howard, this county, was a visitor to Bellefonte last Saturday. Mr. Wister was recently appointed post office inspector by the Cleveland administration. If all of the administration's appointments had been as creditable as this one there would have been no fault finding on that score. Mr. Wister is not only a person of ability, but is of irreproachable character for faithfulness and integrity, and a worthy citizen of the county. We congratulate Mr. Wister on his success, also the appointing powers for having the back bone to select a capable and trustworthy citizen.

—On Sunday the members of the M. E. Sunday school presented to their superintendent, W. F. Reeder, Esq., a handsome gold pen, as a mark of their appreciation of his work among them.

THE COUNCIL IN SESSION.

A Better Condition of Finances than there Was One Year Ago.

It was long after half-pasts even o'clock Monday evening when the necessary quorum of council was gotten together and then it was only after Street Commissioner Shaughensey was sent out to run in Mr. Miller. The members present then were Messrs. Potter, Gerberich, Williams, Miller and Garman. Council was called to order and the minutes of the previous session read and approved.

There were neither verbal or written communications, save a notice from the Electric Light company in effect that the present contract for lighting the streets expires January 10. The street committee had no report to make. The Water committee reported a three inch pipe laid on Lamb street from Spring to the new railroad, where a fire plug has been put in. Everything else is in good shape and the pump is being run fourteen hours a day. Fire and Police, Market and Nuisance committees had no reports to make. The Finance committee reported balance due treasurer as $2527.62, as against $4239.47 on January 1, 1893, a decrease in the past year of $1711.85.

There being no old or new business before the council to act upon, President Potter brought up the question of the duty of the council to appoint a board of health, in accordance with the recent act of the State Legislature. Clerk Isaac Mitchell, by request of the President, read the act. The act requires that the board is to consist of five members located so as to divide the locality in as near five equal districts as possible. It being pretty hard to divide Bellefonte into five districts, it was considered advisable to appoint two members in the North ward, two in the South and one in the West ward. President Potter then submitted his list of appointees, as follows: North ward—Dr. J. L. Seibert, for 4 years, and W. F. Reeder, Esq., for 2 years. South ward—Dr. George F. Harris for 3 years, and Dr. R. G. H. Hayes for 5 years. West ward—Col. William Shortlidge, for 1 year. The appointments were confirmed by council.

President Potter then brought up the question of street lighting, and suggested that, inasmuch as the contract expires on the 10th instant, something definite should be done. Mr. Gerberich, as a member of the Street committee, made the statement that the chairman of said committee was now in communication with parties who desired to come here and put down an electric light plant for the purpose of lighting the streets, which, it was believed, would give more light for less cost than the present system. Under this aspect of affairs, Mr. Gerberich moved that consideration of the question be held over until next meeting night. The motion was not seconded. Superintendent Kitson was asked if the company would make a contract for one year at the present prices paid. He stated that they would do so, if the council would agree to give them one year's notice if they desired to make a change. After some little discussion, Mr. Williams moved that the present contract be extended one year from the date of its expiration, January 10th. Mr. Garman seconded the motion. The motion was put and carried. The President appointed the Finance committee to act in conjunction with the Street committee to consult with the Electric Light company and ratify the above contract. This concluded the business of the evening.

The following bills were approved after which council adjourned:

Jenkins & Lingle	$79.61
Logan Machine Works	8.40
Electric Light Co.	1.50
Water pay roll	91.67
P. Gray Meek, printing	2.50
Bfte Fuel & Supply Co., coal	156.40
Electric Light Co., for streets	264.83
Isaac Mitchell, clerk	12.50
Logan Fire Co., janitor's fees	18.00
P. Gray Meek, blanks	3.00
James Harris & Co., hardware	2.89
Centre Democrat, printing	5.70
Electric Light Co.	5.70
Bfte Fuel & Supply Co.	2.74
P. Gray Meek, pub. ordinance	16.70
Jenkins & Lingle	1.25
Geo L. Potter, insurance	13.50
Street Pay roll	24.82
Police pay roll	85.00
Total Amount	$745.60

THE LOGAN'S BALL.

The annual New Year's ball held by the Logan Fire company on Monday evening, in the halls of the Bush Arcade, was a success in every particular. The famous Zion band was present and furnished the music for the occasion. Mr. Robert Durst with Miss Maud Miller, of Coleville, led in the grand march. The attendance during the night was unusually large and the best of order prevailed at all times. It was well on toward morning when tired nature asserted her superiority, and everybody was ready to go home. The company cleared a nice little sum by the holding of this ball.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN WORSE.

This morning while Mr. Andrew Gregg, of Potter township, and Mr. W. H. Taylor were driving to Bellefonte, and when in the vicinity of Malory's blacksmith shop, the king bolt in the buggy broke leaving the vehicle down and resulting in both gentlemen being thrown out. The horses ran off but were soon caught not, however, until they had made almost a complete wreck of the buggy. Mr. Taylor escaped without injury but Mr. Gregg had his thumb badly smashed.

THAT DIAMOND PIN.

In the Logan Steam Fire Engine co[mpany's contest for a diamond pin Ge]o. Schoof collected $107.30; Harry [$95.25, and Walter Gerrity $4.00, a [

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

of $206.55. As the first two contestants were so successful in raising such a large sum of money the committee having the affair in charge have decided to purchase two diamond pins, one each for Mr. Schoof and Mr. Ryan.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Hon. John G. Love spent Monday in Tyrone.

Mr. Gus. Lyons, of Philadelphia is visiting his friends in Bellefonte.

We are sorry to record the illness with grip of Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds.

Mrs. William Koontz, of this place, has gone to visit friends at Lillysville.

Mrs. Keith, of Logan street, is very ill with a severe attack of the asthma.

Mr. Lawrence Wian, of this place, is spending the week at State College.

Mrs. Henry Redding, of Hastings, is visiting her old friends in Bellefonte.

Mr. Nathan Kunes, of Blanchard, spent Thursday transacting business in Bellefonte.

Miss Mary Laughlin, of Lock Haven, is spending a few days with Bellefonte friends.

Mr. William Laughlin, of Lock Haven, was an arrival in Bellefonte on Monday evening.

Mrs. Lyon, mother of Moyer Lyon, the merchant, is very ill at her home on East Linn street.

Miss Annie Murray returned Monday evening from a brief visit with friends in Julian and Altoona.

We noticed Mr. Walter Butts, now a landlord in Houtzdale, on the streets of Bellefonte on Friday.

Messrs. Ed. H. Murray, of Bellefonte, and William Banks, of State College, spent Monday in Altoona.

Mr. H. B. Pontius, a grip sufferer, was reported some worse Sunday. Mr. John Powers is slightly better to-day.

Mrs. Frank Bickford and daughter, of Lock Haven, are visiting at the home of S. D. Ray, Esq., on East Curtin street.

Mrs. B. A. Scanlon, of Axe Mann, is at present visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank P. Barron, at 1109 Fifth Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

Messrs. Benjamin B. Jamison and William H. Colcord, of Philadelphia, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Williams, on High street.

Editor J. A. Fiedler, of the *Gazette*, after spending Sunday visiting his sick mother at Madisonburg, returned to Bellefonte Monday evening.

Mr. William Curtin, only son of Ex-governor A. G. Curtin, spent Sunday with friends in this place, returning to his home in Philadelphia on Monday.

George Wister, of Howard, this county, who has been clerk in the 5th Auditor's office for the last nine years, has been appointed post office inspector.

John A. Daley, of Washington, D. C., who has been spending the holidays at his home in Curtin township, was a pleasant visitor in Bellefonte on Saturday.

Mrs. Frank Harris, who spent the past week in Bellefonte visiting her brother, Col. W. Fred Reynolds, departed on Monday for her home in Woonsocket, Rhode Island.

Henry C. Smith, manager for western Pennsylvania of the Washington National Building and Loan Association, has been in Bellefonte the past week in the interest of his Association.

Messrs. Thomas Maitland and Isaac Barton, the latter of the firm of E. Keeler & Co., boiler makers, of Williamsport, are visiting the former's brother, Mr. W. B. Maitland and family, in this place.

Mrs. Clevan Dinges, who spent the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Potts Green, on Linn street, returned to her home in Williamsport on Saturday afternoon. Miss Dinges, who was also here, returned Monday.

With their usual graciousness and hospitality Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer entertained the newsboys of Bellefonte, twelve in number, with a good turkey dinner on New Year's day. The act was greatly appreciated and the "newsies" return their sincerest than[ks].

Mr. Henry Robl[ ] Nittany Hall, who has gone through [ ]g siege of sickness and was at one [ ] reported dead, has sufficiently re[cover]ed to be around again and on Friday [ ] in Bellefonte transacting bus[iness] shaking hands with his numer[ous] [ ]

[ ] Rebersburg, has been [ ] salesman to succeed [ ] Condo, who will as[sume] his office next Monday [ ]nk is a reliable, ener[getic] fellow, and will un[doubtedly] be a good salesman. We

[ ]t J. W. Gephart returned this morning from a business trip to Philadelphia.

Mr. Robert Rankin is at present visiting his mother and family in this place.

Mrs. Joseph Haines with her daughter, Miss Cora, of Philipsburg, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Burnett, we are sorry to record, is exceedingly ill at the home of her parents, Ex-Governor A. G. and Mrs. Curtin, on High street.

We are glad to see that Mr. H. B. Pontius has sufficiently recovered from an attack of the grip to be able to be around at his business as usual.

Ed. Blanchard, returned to Haverford College Tuesday evening, after spending his two week's holiday vacation with his parents and friends in this place.

W. L. Daggett, the popular host of the Bush House, and Mr. M. M. Brown, of State College, were two Centre countians who spent Tuesday in Williamsport.

Robert Cooke, Jr., of Howard, has sufficiently recovered from his recent severe spell of sickness as to be able to be around again, and Tuesday he made a brief trip to Bellefonte.

Misses Rebecca Blanchard and Nellie Mitchell, who spent their Christmas vacation at their homes in this place, returned to their school work at Wellesley College Tuesday evening.

Ex-prothonotary L. A. Schaeffer, wife and daughter, Miss Helen, who spent the past ten days visiting Dr. and Mrs. Coolidge, in Scranton, returned to their home in this place Tuesday evening.

Last Saturday Mr. Charles Glenn, on his way home from his photographing establishment, slipped on the ice and fell, breaking his lunch basket all to pieces and injuring his left arm so badly that he has not had free use of it since.

Mrs. James Lane and son, after a pleasant holiday sojourn with friends in Bellefonte, returned to their home in Philadelphia on Tuesday. They were accompanied by Miss Mary Thomas, who will spend a few days in the City of Brotherly Love.

Mrs. Sa[rah] Rankin, of Boalsburg, has just returned from a visit to her daughter in Altoona. While there Mrs. Rankin had the misfortune to fall and hurt her wrist so badly that she has now very little use of her arm. Her many friends sympathize with her and trust she may speedily recover her usual good health.

Invitations have been received by the many friends of Miss Lydia Harris to a five o'clock tea to be given on the 9th instant. It is only natural that there should be a general flutter of pleasant anticipation among the feminine element, as the affair is sure to be a large and elaborate one, and some conjectures are rife as to just what this may indicate for the future.

The venerable Daniel Bates M. D., whose home is near Gatesburg, Ferguson township, is exchanging greetings and transacting business in Bellefonte today. Although in his 82nd year Mr. Bates is now seemingly as young as he was twenty years ago. He has lived at Gatesburg for many years but he now intends to spend the remainder of this winter in Harrisburg where he will move the early part of next week.

MARRIED.

Buves—Kunes.—On Thursday, December 21st, 1893, by Rev. Miles O Noll at the Reformed church, Bellefonte. Mr. John J Buves and Miss Margaret Kunes, both of Blanchard, Pa.

McCloskey—Delong.—On Thursday, December 21st, 1893, by Rev. W A Houck at the office of E R Chambers, Bellefonte, Mr David T. McCloskey and Miss Elsie M. DeLong, both of Marsh Creek.

Hazel—O'Brien—On Wedn[esday] December 20th, 1893, by Rev Ed. [ ] Hoshour, M Thomas Hazel and [ ] zie O'Brien, both of Bellefonte.

Woodel—Cowher.—At the r[esidence of] the groom's uncle on Sunday, [December] 17, Jeremiah Sharer, in Tayl[or township] by D. H. Bean, J. P., Mr. [ ] and Miss Rosie Cowher.

Hughes—Sheffler.—[At the residence] of the bride's parents in [Bellefonte] afternoon at 3 o'clock, [ ] Noll, Mr. Fern Hu[ghes] and Miss Belle Shef[fler].

Lyon Sternberg.—[At the] residence of Mr. an[d Mrs. Sternberg] on Tuesday, December [ ] Magill, Mr. Moyer Lyon [ ] Sternberg, both of Belle[fonte].

Place—Woods.—At [ ] the bride's parents in B[ellefonte] evening, December 28[th], of State College, Mr. [ ] of New York, and [ ] daughter of Dr. a[nd Mrs.] Boalsburg.

Spotts—White—[ ] 28, 1893, by Rev. [ ] Spotts, of Unionvi[lle] Miss Dora G. W[hite].

The wedding wa[s a] hundred and fif[ty] their high appre[ciation] groom by the [ ] them.